THE CAUCASIAN.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY,

By MARION BUTLER,
Editor and Proprietor.

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THE CAUCASIAN.

Pure Democracy and White Supremacy.

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PAPERS.

THE CAUCASIAN, Clinton; Progressive Farmer, Raleigh; Rural Home, Wilson; Farmer's Advocate, Tarboro; Salisbury Watchman, Salisbury; Alliance Sentinel, Goldsboro; Hickory Mercury, Hickory; The Rattler, Whitakers; Country Life, Trinity College; Mountain Home Journal, Asheville; Agricultural Bee Goldsboro; Columbus News, Whiteville, N. C.; The Business Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Capt. A. S. Peace, editor of Alliance Department, Oxford, N. C.

Each of the above-named papers are requested to keep the list standing on the first page and add others, provided they are duly elected. Any paper failing to advocate the Ocala platform will be dropped from the list promptly. Our people can now see what papers are published in their interest.

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BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, and Billousness. All dealers keep it.

EDITOR'S CHAIR.

HOW THINGS LOOK FROM OUR STAND POINT.

The Opinion of The Editor and the Opinion of Others which we Can Endorse on the Various Topics of the Day.

THE CONVENTION.

The State Convention about which there has been so much discussion and speculation has come and gone. The much prophesied wrangle and split which so many feared and which probably a few desired did not occur, but to the contrary everything passed off harmoniously and possibly as satisfactorily to all elements concerned as possible. The extremists both ways would have prefered a different ticket and platform, but the medial line between the contending factions was very nearly struck. This would not have been possible had not the Alliance conference taken just the course it did. If the conference had presented the St. Louis demands as an ultimatum, then if the demands had not been adopted there would surely have been a split, and if they had been there might have been a split. So the members of the conference held the key to the situation. They were cool and deliberate. They acted as if they had never seen any of the uncalled for and harsh criticisms and the wholesale misrepresentations by certain persons and papers. They were almost unanimously in favor of the St. Louis demands, and did endorse them by an overwhelming vote, yet took the position, that in a political campaign that they should demand no more than the organization was practically a unit for. That this much should be demanded and worked for, and that the work of education should go on and the whole reform element of the State might by the time of the next fight be a unit on the present advanced principles of reform. This is safe leadership and good politics and the only method by which the principles of reform can win a permanent and progressive victory. The nomination of Mr. Elias Carr for Governor is exactly in line with this policy. He represents the principles of reform on which the Alliance and other reformers are practically a unit. Mr. Carr did not decide to allow his name to go before the convention till the night before. If he had not, either Dr. Sanderlin or Col. Julian S. Carr would have been the nominee. But Mr. Elias Carr stood as it were, between the two, and the friends of each naturally went to him after several ballots. And we should state here that Hon. S. B. Alexander would have been the nominee had he not positively refused to allow his name to go before the convention. The nomination of Mr. Carr, Ex-President of the State Alliance, is a capital selection, and should receive the support of all who favor good government. He will lead the ticket to victory.

Mr. R. A. Doughton, the nominee for Lieut. Governor, is a man of excellent parts and in full sympathy with the reform movement. His father is President of the County Alliance of Alleghany county. Mr. Doughton presided over the last House of Representatives with ability and eminent justice and impartiality. His action in appointing eight members of the Joint Committee on railroad commission, who were heartily in favor of the bill that is now a law, saved the measure. If he had been opposed to a commission it is very doubtful whether or not we would to-day have a commission. If he presides over the Senate as Lieut. Governor as he did over the House we shall have no cause to complain.

Capt. Octavus Coke, who is a member of the Alliance, was renominated for Sec'y of State by acclamation.

Mr. D. W. Bain was renominated for Treasurer by acclamation. The State has never had a better and more efficient officer. This is his third term and is a high tribute to him.

Hon. J. C. Scarborough, who had formerly been Supt. of Public Instruction, was elected on the second ballot to succeed Maj. Finger, who had filled the office for two terms. Maj. Finger had made a very efficient officer, but the nomination of Mr. Scarborough adds possibly even more strength to the ticket.

Dr. Sanderlin's name was presented for Auditor, and he should have been nominated by acclamation, but several names were put in. R. M. Furman was finally nominated for the position. He is a very affable and clever gentleman, but we think his nomination was a mistake. No one had been mentioned or discussed for this position, and the whole matter took the convention by surprise.

Mr. Osborn was nominated for Attorney General. He is one of the ablest young lawyers in the State, and entirely qualified for the important position. But he has more talent than SENSE, as was clearly shown by his speech of acceptance. After he had been nominated and largely aided by Alliance votes (for no one could be nominated without their help) he went out of his way to refer unbecomingly to the Alliance and its demands. For doing so he was not accorded the attention and respect by the convention which he might have expected.

The names of the delegates to national convention and the electors at large are given in another column. The ticket as a whole is an admirable one and will be strongly supported.

The platform covers nearly enough ground, but is not specific enough. Every party should be honest enough to be for a principle or against it, and to say so in unmistakable terms. But platforms are worth nothing unless we have men to stand on them who are as large as the platform. We would prefer to have good men with positive convictions for candidates without any platform, than to have the best platform with uncertain men on it. In fact the convictions of the nominees is always the real platform. Therefore, the nomination of Mr. Elias Carr interprets and enlarges the platform. If Gov. Holt had been renominated it would have given the same platform a different interpretation. The nomination of Mr. Doughton for Lieut. Governor also enlarges and interprets the platform in the interest of the people. While nothing is said in the platform about the railroad commission yet the nomination of Mr. Doughton adds all this, and more. The committee he appointed on railroad commission in the last Legislature were for the bill as it passed. The Alliance delegates were about equally divided between Col. Skinner and Mr. Doughton, and after the withdrawal of Col S. they were practically unanimous for him, and so on we might go through the whole ticket and we would find that a majority of it strengthens and enlarges the platform.

AN OPEN LETTER TO CONGRESSMAN GRADY.

The tax payers and every true citizen of the 3rd Cong. Dist. will point with honest pride to your vote against the outraging appropriation and reckless plundering of the 52th Congress. They can honestly and safely feel that in you, they have a true and able friend. They will ever honor the high motives which prompted you in entering your solemn protest against a measure so fatal in its tendencies, so reckless and appalling in its result.

The River and Harbor Bill against which you voted appropriates from the people's pocket for immediate expenditures, $23,000,000, and provides for future expenditures to be appropriated by future Congress $27,000,000; in all, one bill carrying an appropriation of fifty million of dollars. Such games of plunder can not always continue. The light of investigation will reveal the true character of such injustices. They can not stand examination before the people, and it is unfortunate that the Democratic party will have it to explain and apologize for. The most ignorant and submissive of our citizens have not yet learned to wear the yoke of such bondage, as is being attempted to weld on them. And to you, Mr. Grady, and your North Carolina colleagues Messrs. Crawford and Williams, and the other sixty-two patriots, the people will gratefully remember and confidently rely to protect their rights and their property. The other one and sixty-eight traitors of the people should be banished from the halls of Congress which they are disgracing. The people have entrusted in the hands of these men, the honor, the future glory and prosperity of our nation, they have proven recreant to their trust, and their merit should be meted to them.

U. S. Senator Colquitt, of Ga., says of the nomination of Mr. Cleveland: "I am convinced that his renomination would mean the certain defeat of the democratic party, involving not only disastrous consequences to the democratic party, but untold mischief to us of the South." Senator Colquitt is not alone in his convictions.

One of our exchanges wishes to know if the claims of John Wanamaker's friends that he is the most virtuous man in his party is not intended to be an attack on Quay and Raum.

News from Washington.

NOTES AND ITEMS FROM CONGRESS AND WHAT IT IS DOING.

Some Bills Introduced--Personal Mention.

A congressional delegation, including Senators Hill and Gray, left Washington for Charlotte, N. C., to attend the anniversary of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence.

* * *

Senator Vance continues to improve and expects to be in his seat in the Senate next week.

* * *

The republican Senators in caucus decided that it was unnecessary to fill the place of executive clerk now vacant.

* * *

The Department of State has received a cablegram announcing the death, at Liverpool, yesterday, of John H. Anderson, United States consul-general at Cairo, Egypt.

* * *

The President and Mrs. Harrison, accompanied by Dr. Gardner, returned to Washington yesterday afternoon on the light-house steamer Jessamine. Mrs. Harrison is very weak and did not derive much benefit from the trip. Dr. Gardner says that Mrs. Harrison is resting comfortably and is not seriously ill, although she is not so well as when she left Washington. The salt air was too strong and brought on a recurrence of her cough, and it was thought best that she should return home.

* * *

The Senate passed a number of amendments to the river and harbor bill, increasing some items and decreasing others. One item inserts $28,000 for Patapsco river, Baltimore.

* * *

Senator Hiscock, of New York, entered an earnest protest to the Senate Committee on Commerce against the passage of the Northriver bridge bill, which his colleague, Senator Hill, had favored.

* * *

For the first quarter of 1892 the reports of the Postoffice Department show a large increase in the sale of stamps and postal cards.

* * *

The House committee on civil service reform has agreed on a bill to exclude political influence from the 61,000 fourth-class postoffices in the country.

* * *

House committee on elections has decided that Shonk, the Republican sitting member, in the Pennsylvania case of Reynolds vs. Shonk, is entitled to his seat.

* * *

The Pension Office investigating committee virtually concluded its labors last Friday by adjourning until Monday, May 23d, when several witnesses not now present in Washington will be examined.

* * *

The net cash in the Treasury has "slumped" to $22,000,000, and of this $14,000,000 is in subsidiary coin and $13,250,000 is in national bank deposits. Payments on account of pensions so far this month have aggregated $7,500,000.

* * *

Mr. Snodgrass, of Tennessee, declares that the pension roll, which should be a roll of honor, had become, owing to the legislation of the Republican party, a roll of dishonor.

* * *

The opposition to President Harrison seems to be again centering on Mr. Blaine, and it begins to look as if the Secretary would have to write another letter if he really does not want the Republican presidential nomidation.

* * *

A bill appropriating $50,000 for the pedestal for the statue of the late Gen. W. T. Sherman has been reported from the committee on Military Affairs.

* * *

Mr. McMillin, from the committee on Rules, reported a resolution that the hour for the meeting of the House each day shall be 11 o'clock. Adopted.

* * *

In the House a report was submitted from the committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, relative to the recent fire in the House folding-room. The committee finds that the fire probably originaten from a gas jet and reports a resolution for the substitution of electricity for gas in the folding-room. The resolution was adopted.

* * *

A bill has been reported favoably to the House of Representatives appriating $30,000 for the encouragement of silk culture in the United States, to be under the supervision of the Department of Agriculture.

Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold, or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at the drugstore of Dr. R. H. Holliday, Clinton, N. C., and J. R. Smith, Druggist, Mt. Olive, N. C. Large size 50 cents and $1.00.

Whenever the devil can get a christian to believe that he is the only nice man in the neighborhood he is well satisfied with his day's work.—Ram's Horn.

HELPING HIM OUT.

A College Professor Gets a Practical Illustration of "Spooning."

"For the past three years," says Dr. de Guerville, "I have been professor of French literature in the Milwaukee college, where there are hundreds of young lady students. When I was first appointed I looked so young that the regents and parents seemed a little suspicious, and I often lectured in the presence of a large number of chaperons. However, nothing serious happened.

"I was calling one afternoon on a young lady who remarked that some one was a 'spoon.' That was one of the word with which I was unfamiliar. I could not understand it, and said so.

"'You must get somebody to give you a practical illustration,' said the girl, who had just made her debut in society. Her mother entered the room at that moment, and after greeting her I turned to the daughter and asked, 'Won't you give me a prac'—

"But the young lady interrupted me and peremptorily changed the subject.

"I went home puzzling over the ambiguity of the word 'spoon,' and after dinner went into the college library to consult the dictionary. A number of young ladies from the Conservatory of Music were in the library and watched me with some curiosity. I studied the word in the dictionary, but of course could not find the meaning I desired. At last I threw down the book in disgust.

"The girls inquired what was the matter, and when I told them they asked me whether I did not know what spooning meant. When I confessed my ignorance, they said, 'Oh, you must get some one to give you a practical illustration.' There it was again; but when I asked them for a practical illustration they laughed, I thought, immoderately.

"I went out, and later in the evening started for my study. The hall was dimly lighted, and I could see the figures of a man and a woman leaning against my door. I called twice, 'Who is there?' and receiving no answer, proceeded to inquire into the identity of the intruders.

"What was my astonishment to discover two pillows, one cased in a suit of my own clothes, the other wrapped up in my blankets to resemble a woman's costume. They were propped together in a loving attitude and above was a large placard with the words, 'A practical illustration of spooning.'"—San Francisco Call.

Rough on the Baby and the Doctor.

"You should not take the baby out when it is so cold," said a doctor to a colored nurse who was wheeling a thinly clad infant of one of his patients in a perambulator in Union Square park.

"Bless your soul, de cold ain't gwinter hurt de chile."

"Of course the cold will hurt the child. Don't you see the child's legs are red from the cold."

"Dat ar redness ain't from de cold. Dat's ruffin 'cept whar hit am broke out wid de measels."—Texas Siftings.

Schedule Time.

Hungry Traveler (at railway dining station)—How soon will the train start, conductor?

Conductor—It'll start on time today. I ain't got much appetite.—New York Weekly.

Noticeable Feature of the Play.

At the close of the second act of his comedy, "A Pack of Fools," the proud author invited a friend to "step out and join him," and when the glasses stood in front of them he asked confidentially:

"Well, what do you think of the piece?"

"It certainly has the merit of originality," returned the friend cautiously.

"Yes, of course; I tried to make it unlike any other piece," said the delighted dramatist.

"You succeeded," returned the other tersely. Then he added, "There is also a good deal of uncertainty about it as the plot develops."

"Naturally! Naturally!" exclaimed the author. "My intention was to puzzle the audience. And the title? What do you think of that?"

"That is the most puzzling feature of it."

"Puzzling? How?"

"Why, one doesn't know whether it refers to the audience, the actors or is merely the title of the play."—Chicago Tribune.

Too Long to Wait.

Young Tom Canerusher, a Columbia college student, asked his tailor the other day when he would send him the suit of winter clothes that he had ordered.

"When you have paid me for your last spring's suit," replied the tailor.

"Oh, bother!" said Tom, impatiently, "do you suppose I can wait forever for my winter clothes?"—Texas Siftings.

Made an Impression.

Mr. Saphead (sighing)—I wish you could find something about me to like.

Miss Beauti (kindly)—Well, Mr. Saphead, there is one thing about you I like very much.

"I am glad to hear you say so. What is it?"

"You make short calls."—New York Weekly.

Plenty in It.

Bullfinch—How is that little mining scheme of yours getting along? Any money in it?

Wooden—Any money in it! Well I should say so! All of mine, all of my wife's and about $50,000 that I got from my friends.—Boston Courier.

Commercial Item.

Fakir—Don't yer want to puy somedings?

Dude—No, I've got everything I need.

"Don't yer vant to puy a fine razor?"

"I never shave myself."

"But maybe you vants to commit suicide some day."—Texas Siftings.

Where They Were.

Mrs. Witherby—Your old clothes man was around today.

Witherby (grimly)—Tell him next time that if he wants to look at any old clothes of mine he will have to call at the office.—Clothier and Furnisher.

A Friend Indeed.

Robert Beck, of Dohlonega, wanted to get married, but his finances were so low that he could not parade the necessary $1.50. His brother-in-law, who is thirty-five years old, went out on the public square, mounted a dry goods box, made such a strong appeal that the crowd chipped in the necessary money, and Robert and Nancy Jane Higgins were married on Saturday.—

STATE CONVENTION.

ELIAS CARR THE NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR.

The Other Officers.

One of the most interesting and important conventions ever held in the State, was the State Democratic Convention last Wednesday in Raleigh. It was a large and enthusiastic meeting. They worked in harmony and did their work well. The spirit to win carried the day. Conciliation and concord took it in their grasp and patriotically dictated a winning ticket and adopted a platform of sound planks.

Ex-Gov. Jarvis presided, and R. M. Furman, of Asheville, acted as secretary.

NOMINATIONS.

The following names were placed in nomination for Governor, viz.: Thos. M. Holt, the present incumbent, G. W. Sanderlin, Elias Carr, J. S. Carr, T. J. Jarvis and S. B. Alexander. Mr. Alexander was not a candidate and requested that his name not go before the convention, but owing to the fact that several counties had instructed for him, he was voted for on the first ballot. Each candidate were ably and eloquently presented to the convention.

Mr. H. C. Hodges, of Beaufort county, seconded the nomination of "Alliance Carr, the hayseed governor of North Carolina," as he termed his favorite, and was cheered again and again.

It was 8:15 when the first ballot ended. The chairman announced that the vote was as follows:

First Ballot—Holt 407, Sanderlin 283, J. S. Carr 157, Elias Carr 112, Alexander 14, Jarvis 8.

Second Ballot—Holt 402, Sanderlin 306, J. S. Carr 159, Elias Carr 123.

Third Ballot—Holt 385, J. S. Carr 157, Sanderlin 332, Elias Carr 127.

Fourth Ballot—Holt 371, Sanderlin 318, Elias Carr 170, J. S. Carr 137.

Fifth Ballot—Elias Carr 344, Holt 295, J. S. Carr 227, Sanderlin 136.

Sixth Ballot—Holt 107, Sanderlin 27, J. S. Carr 243, Elias Carr 627.

Gov. Jarvis announced that 504 were necessary to choice and Mr. Elias Carr having received 627 votes, he declared him the nominee of the convention for the office of Governor of North Carolina. At this announcement the wildest enthusiasm reigned for awhile.

Mr. Carr being notified of his nomination repaired to the hall and was greeted with continuing cheers.

He accepted the nomination in a short speech.

The following names were presented for Lieutenant Governor: R. A. Doughton, Kobe Elias, of Macon, H. A. Gudger of Asheville, Lee S. Overman of Rowan, B. B. Winborne of Hertford, and Harry Skinner of Pitt. Col. Skinner withdrew his name, stating that the West was entitled to the second place on the ticket, as the East had the honor of the Governor. He made a short but enthusiastic speech. Mr. Doughton was nominated on the second ballot.

The next in order was the Sec'y of State. The present incumbent Oct. Coke was nominated by acclamation. The present Treasurer D. W. Bain had no opposition and was nominated by acclamation.

The following names were presented for Auditor: R. M. Furman and G. W. Sanderlin, Willis R. Williams of Pitt, C. F. Spainhour of Watauga and A. H. Merrett of Chatham. Mr. Furman, of Asheville, was nominated.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction: S. M. Finger, present incumbent, J. C. Scarborough of Johnson, R. L. Abernathy, J. S. Long and J. S. Hill were presented. The contest between Scarborough and Finger was exciting. Mr. Scarborough received the nomination on the second ballot.

The next business taken up were nomination for Attorney General. The following names were presented: W. A. Montgomery of Warren, E. C. Smith of Wake, F. I. Osborne of Mecklenburg, A. W. Graham of Granville, N. J. Rouse of Lenoir, R. B. Peebles of Northampton and P. M. Pearsall of Jones. Mr. Pearsall is a native of Sampson county, and received quite a flattering support. Mr. Osborn was nominated on the third ballot.

Besides the nominations to positions on the State Democratic ticket there were five names placed before the convention from which to elect two electors at large. Messrs. C. B. Aycock of Wayne and R. B. Glenn of Forsyth were elected.

The following were elected delegates to Chicago: E. C. Smith of Wake, W. J. Green of Cumberland, J. P. Caldwell of Mecklenburg, and J. D. Bellamy, Jr., of New Hanover. And the following as alternates: J. H. Merrimon, E. B. Jones, T. W. Strange, and P. B. Means.

THE PLATFORM.

The following platform was unanimously and enthusiastically adopted:

The platform reads as follows:

Resolved, 1. That the Democracy of North Carolina reaffirm the principles of the Democratic party, both State and National, and particularly favor the free coinage of silver and an increase of the currency, and the repeal of the internal revenue system. And we denounce the McKinley tariff bill as unjust to the consumers of the country, and leading to the formation of trusts, combines and monopolies which have oppressed the people; and especially do we denounce the unnecessary and burdensome increase in the tax on cotton ties and on tin, so largely used by the poorer portion of the people. We likewise denounce the iniquitous Force bill, which is not yet abandoned by the Republican party, but is being urged as a measure to be adopted as soon as they regain control of the House of Representatives, the purpose and effect of which measure will be to establish a second period of reconstruction in the Southern States, to subvert the liberties of our people and to inflame a new race antagonism and sectional animosities.

2. That we demand financial reform, and the enactment of laws that will remove the burdens of the people relative to the existing agricultural depression, and do full and ample justice to the farmers and laborers of our country.

3. That we demand the abolition of national banks, and the substitution of legal tender Treasury notes in lieu of national bank notes, issued in sufficient volume to do the business of the country on a cash system, regulating the amount needed on a per capita basis as the business interests of the country expand, and that all money issued by the government shall be legal tender in payment of all debts, both public and private.

4. That we demand that Congress shall pass such laws as shall effectually prevent the dealing in futures of all agricultural and mechanical productions; providing such stringent system of procedure in trials as shall secure prompt conviction and imposing such penalties as shall secure most pertect compliance with the law.

5. That we demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

6. That we demand the passage of laws prohibiting the alien ownership of land, and that Congress take early steps to devise some plan to obtain all lands now owned by alien and foreign syndicates; and that all lands now held by railroads and other corporations, in excess of such as is actually used and needed by them, be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only.

7. Believing in the doctrine of "equal rights to all and special privileges to none," we demand that taxation, National or State, shall not be used to build up one interest or class at the expense of another. We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all revenue, National, State or county, shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the government economically and honestly administered.

8. That Congress issue a sufficient amount of fractional paper currency to facilitate the exchange through the medium of the United States mail.

9. That the General Assembly pass such laws as will make the public school system more effective that the blessings of education may be extended to all the people of the State alike.

Resolved, That we favor a graduated tax on incomes.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Quite a number of distinguished Americans consider Patterson the coming man.

Mrs. Wannamaker, wife of the Postmaster General, will spend part of the summer at Carlsbad after visiting her son's family in Paris.

Senator Aldrich laughed the other day when some one asked him if the Senate would pass any of the House tariff bills. The idea that the Republican party would take off any taxes amused him.

It is often said "a woman can't keep a secret." George W. Casper and Mary E. Ireland, of Indiana, were married twenty-five years before it was announced to the public.

President Harrison will have a wire from Minneapolis to the White House during the National Convention, and it is thought that he will know the result inside of two minutes from the time the nomination is made.

J. R. Jones, of Wilmington, is the oldest Odd Fellow in North Carolina, and John Brady, of Statesville, the next oldest Odd Fellow in the State.

The two noted preacher brothers, Revs. A. C. and Thomas Dixon, have been lecturing in this State recently.

WHAT IS BEING SAID.

The Wisconsin democratic convention declared itself opposed to free coinage. The strength of the gold basis sentiment is European, and the largeforeign element in Wisconsin probably accounts for the anti-silver sentiment there.

A $20 000,000 wall paper trust is the latest combine, and the days of cheap wall paper are numbered.

The U. S. supreme court has just ruled that confederate notes were "good money," and valid payment of debts in the confederate states during the war, even in the case of debt contracted long before the war began or the confederacy existed.

Electrity is taking the place of dynamite in quarrying and mining. Electric wires are introduced into rock and then heated, and the sudden rending rends it apart quietly and without danger.

"It takes a father and mother and hired girl and school teacher and lots of other people to raise one boy; but one boy unaided can easily raise the dickens."

When we cannot do what we would in religion we must do as we can, and God will accept us.—Henry.

On account of extremely heavy rains the situation at St. Louis is becoming alarming.

A Philadelphia beer cafe gives a Biblical chromo with each glass of the beverage.

Corns, Warts and Bunions
Removed quickly and surely by using Abbott's East Indian Corn Paint.

THE WORLD'S NEWS.

SINCE LAST THURSDAY, CAREFULLY ASSORTED AND CONDENSED FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

State.

Kinston is to have a large cotton factory.

The wheat crop in this State is said to be very fine.

The Railroad Commission up to date has docketed 96 complaints.

The State Medical Society met at Wilmington in annual session Tuesday.

One day last week Mt. Olive, Wayne county, shipped 250 crates of strawberries.

The railways are building a depot, containing waiting rooms and ticket office, at Goldsboro.

Out of Goldsboro's population of 6,800 there were only two deaths for the month of April.

The annual meeting of the State tobacco association will be held at Morehead City July 5th.

Stanley county is to have a new court oouse. The building is to be of brick, and to cost $10,000.

The Episcopal Convention of this diocese convened at Greensboro and the Convention of East Carolina at Elizabeth City yesterday.

The Fayetteville Light Infantry and the Southern Grays of Lincolnton will participate in the Mecklenburg celebration on the 20th.

A creamery will be established at Waynesville at an early date. The Courier says the building is nearly ready and the machinery is on the road.

Afire at Greenville, Pitt county, Sunday evening destroyed the old Bernard dwelling occupied by Mr. J. M. Latham, the dwelling of Mrs. Taft and two tenant houses.

Comptroller Lacey has issued a circular calling upon the stockholders in the defunct First National bank of Wilmington to pay $250,000, that amount being required to pay the bank's debt.

A "circle" of Wilmington ladies are about establishing a "Baby Shelter," where children of working people can be cared for during the day while their parents are away from home; and also a home for working girls.

The Grand Master of Masons has called a special meeting of the Grand Lodge at the Oxford Orphan Asylum June 24th. St. John's day. The Governors of Virginia and of North Carolina will be invited to attend. There are now 203 orphans present.

Bishop Haygood will preside over the Noth Carolina Conference of the M. E. Church, South, which meets in Goldsboro on December 14th, and Bishop Hendrix will preside over the Western North Carolina Conference which meets at Winston on November 30th.

At the Democratic congressional convention held in Durham Tuesday Congressman Williams was renominated by acclamation and J. A. Barringer, of Guilford, was nominated for presidential elector. J. W. Graham, of Orange, and J. L. King, of Guilford, were elected delegates to Chicago. This is the first congressional convention to be held in the State.

Gov. Holt has appointed the following delegates to the national silver convention at Washington, May 26-27: W. H. Oliver, C. D. Smith, Harry Skinner, S. B. Spruill, Frank Barnes, Elias Carr, F. M. Simmons, M. Makeley, W. F. Green, A. H. Merritt, A. J. Boyd, J. S. Lockhart, H. B. Short, R. P. Waring, J. B. Holman, R. J. Holmes, J. W. Alspaugh, Philfer Erwer, W. F. Breese, S. C. Toms.

National.

Other breaks in the Mississippi levees are reported.

Sam Small says it prayer and not Keeley cure that will cure drunkenness.

Mrs. Frank Leslie has selected north Augusta as the site for the great sanitarium which she proposes to build as a monument to herself.

The great ocean steamers Paris and New York now carry the American flag, and it will not be long before many of the largest and best ocean steamers will sail under the Stars and Stripes.

The descendants of Christopher Columbus, who are to be invited to the World's Fair, were named as follows in the Senate: "Christobal Colon be Corda, Duke of Veragua, Marquis de Barboleo, his brother, Don Cristobal de Larreatigui, his son, and their wives and children, if any."

Postmaster General Wanamaker has received an unsigned and undated letter containing $1,000. In his letter the writer says: "This is the balance of interest I owe of the sum I took from the Government in 1867. I have now paid principl and interest, on all $17,500. No man has suffered more for his crime than I have, and I now pray the Lord's forgiveness for my sin," Mr. Wanamaker has turned the amount into the Treasury to the credit of the conscience fund.

"The man with the hoe" has commenced to weed the political field.

THE CAUCASIAN.

Entered according to Postal Laws at Clinton, N. C., as second class mail matter.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET

FOR GOVERNOR:
ELIAS CARR,
of Edgecombe.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR:
R. A. DAUGHTON,
of Alleghany.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
OCTAVIUS COKE,
of Wake.

FOR TREASURER:
DONALD BAIN,
of Wake.

FOR AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
J. C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
FRANK I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.

FOR JUDGE TWELFTH DISTRICT:
GEORGE A. SHUFFORD.

FOR ELECTORS AT LARGE:
CHARLES B. AYCOCK,
ROBERT B. GLENN.

CONVENTIONS.

National Rep., Minneapolis, June 7.
National Dem., Chicago, June 21.
National People's, Omaha, July 4.
National Prohibit'n, St Louis June 28

The 1891 tobacco crop of this State brought $10,000,000, and the cotton crop aggregated $15,000,000.

It is said that the Standard Oil Company and the United Oil Company have run together as slick as oil.

A republican editor wants some improvement made in the channel of Salt river. The Constitution says that proposition is quite se fish.

Congressman Holman says the pension roll in a few years will amount to fully $200,000,000. As a consequence he predicts that it will soon be necessary to levy an income tax to meet the expenses of the government.

In the Democratic primary at Scotland Neck, Halifax county, a few days since, Hon. W. H. Kitchen denounced the Wilmington Messenger as a dirty sheet and Cleveland as a traitor. The Messenger has replied.

It is said that Crisp and Holman are the only democrats who have taken a decided stand in favor of economy. Aided by the republicans the democratic majority is beating the billion-dollar congress at its own game. We rise to add to that list Hon. B. F. Grady, of 3rd N. C. District.

General J. B. Gordon, president of the United Confederate Veterans, has appointed a committee of nineteen, one from each of the Southern States, to present a memorial and petition before the Legislature of each of the States, asking them to vote a life pension to the widow of Jefferson Davis.

Julian S. Carr, whose name was presented as a candidate for Governor last week, published a card in which he charges that B. N. Duke, managing director of the American trust, has attacked him and that the letter containing the attack was secretly circulated; that he has never made an effort to join the American tobacco trust. Duke is a Republican.

When Mr. Elias Carr returned to his home from the State Convention he was given a royal ovation. Many hundred people turned out to pay their respect, and to welcome home again, with fresh honors North Carolina's next Governor. Such an ovation must have been quite gratifying to Mr. Carr, but then he may accustomed himself to receive such ovation all through the State where he may go.

Mr. N. B. Broughton, of Raleigh, about whom some insinuating remarks have been made, attributing selfish motives to him for taking interest in honest reform, in a card to the public last week, says: "Let me say I am not now nor have I ever been a candidate for any office within the gift of the people. Nor do I expect to receive the nomination for any office, and will be perfectly content never to be mentioned in connection with party politics again." That should shut the mouths of every fair man about Mr. Broughton's motives.

The Atlanta Constitution of 13th says well of all who are true to the principles of relief for the people: "We are for financial reform because tariff reform would be rendered practically of little value without financial relief." And again, "Tariff reform is demanded by all democrats, but it is to be feared that some democrats in Georgia are not sound on the issue of financial reform." If they are true Democrats they will get right on the issues of financial reform. For as it says about, tariff reform without financial reform would not be of so great relief to the people.

The State Democratic Convention of Georgia last week declared for "free and unlimited coinage" of silver, and the same convention sent a majority of its delegates to Chicago for Mr. Cleveland. Can an anti-silverite nominee for President stand on a free silver platform? The Richmond Dispatch says of these things: "All such resolutions of Democratic State conventions will be whistled down the wind at Chicago, where the grand Democratic national conclave will be sure to make the nominee and the creed he professes fit one another." That is, the man must stand above the measures the people have declared for, or the measures first and men next, which?

WHAT IT DOES.

The Republican McKinley bill levies a tariff tax on diamonds of 11 per cent.

The McKinley bill levies a tax on the people's clothing of 80 per cent.

McKinley tax on wines, 33 per cent.

McKinley bill levies no tax on gambling cards.

McKinley tax on the Holy Bible, 25 per cent.

McKinley taxes the tin plates of the poor, and the plow traces and cotton ties of the farmers.

TAX PAYERS THINK!

The Wilmington Messenger, one of our leading Democratic papers, well and timely says:

"We sincerely hope that President Harrison will put his veto upon the very absurd, extravagant River and Harbor bill. It is as mean an act as the Republicans of the last Congress were guilty of when you consider the pledges of the Democrats. * * Think of a party pledged to public economy following the vicious and inexcusable example of the corrupt party driven from office. * * The Philadelphia Record (Dem.) appeals to the President to veto the bill and force the unreliable wasters to pass it by a two-thirds vote. Let the ignominy and censure fall on the betrayers of the people."

Has it come to pass that Democratic papers must call up a Republican—yes a Republican President—to stop the ravenous expenditures of a Democratic House, when every member of that body was honestly and sincerely elected upon a platform DEMANDING an economical administration of public affairs? We pray with the Messenger, that every man who votes to keep this burden upon our depressed people will meet with an ignominous defeat at the next election. The line must be drawn some where. There is a limit. The people, now poor, can not bear all things. They will rebel, and justice is on their side.

S. C. DEMOCRATS ON CLEVELAND.

The following resolution was passed by the S. C. Democratic Convention last week:

We assert that Grover Cleveland does not represent the principles of Democracy as taught by our forefathers and as we understand them.

We therefore enter protest against the nomination of Grover Cleveland or any other candidate known or believed to be selected in the interest and at the dictation of Wall street, but we demand for our standard-bearer a man of the people, for the people, with the people, and who will serve the people and not any class or faction.

We shall look upon the nomination of ex-President Cleveland, if forced upon the party at the Chicago convention, as a prostitution of the principles of Democracy, as a repudiation of the demands of the Farmers' Alliance, which embody the true principles of Democracy, and a surrender of the rights of the people to the financial Kings of the country.

GENERAL POLITICAL POINTS.

New Hampshire and Missouri Democrats have pronounced for Cleveland and Iowa for Boies.

The national convention of the People's party will convene at Omaha July 2d instead of the 4th.

Kansas Republicans willpress ex-Senator Ingalls for the chairmanship of the national Republican convention.

The Henry Clay Clubs, organized to preach high protective tariff doctrines in Southern States, opened their campaign in Baltimore last week with speeches by Congressmen Barrows, of Michigan, and Boutelle, of Maine.

Senator Sherman says he will not allow his name to be presented at the Convention unless Harrison is defeated, but he thinks that Harrison will be nominated on the first ballot.

Rev. D. H. Tuttle, of Tarboro, has been tendered the nomination for Governor by the State Executive committee of the Prohibition party.

It makes the bosses mand to see their power slipping from them.

Don't Take Our Word,

But call your druggist to one side and ask him privately which of all the remedies advertised to cure Rheumatism he would recommend. If he is posted, and conscientious, he will tell you that Dr. Drummond's Lightning Remedy is the only one that offers a reward of $500 for a case it will not cure, and in ordinary cases the money is returned when one bottle does not cure. With sensible people this is the strongest recommendation. Price $5 per bottle. Sent to any address prepaid on receipt of price. Drummond Medicine Co., 48 50 Maiden Lane, New York.

IN PRAISE OF GRANT.

WHY THE SOUTH HONORS HIS MEMORY TODAY.

He Fought Not for Hatred of the South, but for Love of the Union—Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., Speaks for the Grant Monument.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., returned from his southern trip and again filled his pulpit in Association hall this morning. In his review of current events before the sermon, he told why the south honors today the memory of General Grant, and appealed to the southern people in particular in New York to make liberal contributions to the monument fund. He said:

Almost without exception representative southern men honor the name and memory of U. S. Grant. And no greater tribute could be paid to man. When the conquered join the conquerors in praise for the hero of the victorious army, we may be sure of the inherent greatness of the man. Such a man rises even above the high water mark of the victory itself.

The following lines from President Ryland, of Bethel college, Kentucky, express today the general feeling of the south toward the great soldier:

"General Grant filled a place in the history of our country that no other man could have filled in his time. In the glory of a triumph which would have intoxicated almost any other man, he showed a moderation which surprised alike the friends and foes of his country. The south will now cherish his memory side by side with her own loved heroes. With respect for her magnanimous foe, and gratitude to her great friend, she brings a wreath of myrtle twined with bays to lay upon his tomb."

HIS FOES HIS FRIENDS.

What is the secret of the paradox presented thus in the fact that his foes are his friends? Why does the south thus unstintingly honor him?

First—For his inherent greatness. He *was* a great man. He was pre-eminently the greatest man who wore the blue. The man who today disputes that greatness only fixes the more surely the status of his own stupidity or malignity. He was one of the greatest generals who ever led an army in the history of the world. If he had not been, Lee would never have surrendered to him. The supreme military genius of the commander of the southern army has never been disputed by friend or foe of his cause. To Grant justly belongs the honor of cutting to pieces and subduing this army of undaunted courage, led by an incarnate genius of war, fighting in the last ditch of grim and sullen despair. The southern man who belittles his greatness must in the process slander his own people.

Second—He was the man of the hour. He ended the war and gave peace to a restored Union. The younger generation of men in the south today are specially grateful for this fact, for if the south had won it would have been only to prolong a tragedy. The destiny of the New World, and through it the hope of the Old World, was bound up in the Union. The Union was not a mere question of political opinion; it was a necessity to the life of American civilization.

APPOMATTOX.

Third—For his straightforwardness and generosity. He fought not for hatred of the south, but for love of the Union. When Lee surrendered the war was over for him. He told his scattered foes to take their horses home, that they would need them at the plow. Did ever true greatness flash with diviner brilliancy than in the loving manliness of that quiet order given in the hour of a world triumph? He never fought after the war.

MOUNT MACGREGOR.

Fourth—He was a citizen of the whole nation. He loved the whole nation. He knew no sectional hatred. And in the agonies of his last gallant fight with death on Mount MacGregor, tortured with weakness and pain, he sent a love message to the people of the south. There are over a hundred and fifty thousand southern born people in New York city. Let us bear a generous part in building the tomb that shall fitly symbolize the greatness of such a man, and speak its message of quiet courage, generosity, truth, manhood and fraternity to the children of this the giant nation of the Twentieth century.

FAILURE OF PROTESTANTISM IN NEW YORK.

I know thy works, that thou art neither cold nor hot. I would thou wert cold or hot. So because thou art lukewarm, and neither hot nor cold, I will spew thee out of my mouth.—Revelation iii, 15, 16.

The present machinery of Protestant, organic church life in our great cities is on trial for a capital offense. It has been accused of failure—not only in New York, but in many of our other great centers of civic life. The problem of the modern city is one of tremendous magnitude. It is a new problem too. Our fathers knew nothing of it practically. The growth of the city has been most wonderful within the past twenty years.

It is useless to try to disgnise the fact that in our cities organic church life in the Baptist, Methodist, Presbyterian, Congregational and allied denominations has not only not kept pace with the increase of population, but has positively retrograded; and this, too, in the face of a general progress of the cause of Christianity in the nation and the world which is little short of miraculous. For the past twenty years has witnessed the most wonderful movements of militant Christianity in the history of the world. The triumph of the cause of Christ is as certain as that the world stands. The only question that deeply interests us is, Are we in the procession? If not, why not? Is it not time we knew just where we stand in our great cities?

What are the Baptist doing in New York today, for example? We have many things with which we might congratulate ourselves in our little individual church. During the past year we have been more prosperous than any year of the three of the present pastorate. The congregations have been larger, the spirit of zeal and unity stronger. We are stronger financially, and in every way stronger than ever before in our history. We have developed in the past year remarkably efficient working organizations within the church.

Our Young People's society averages 125 attendance each meeting, and is doing strong and vigorous missionary work. The King's Daughters in the past year have been efficiently organized and have expended hundreds of dollars, extending the work of charity and aggressive Christianity. The beautiful array of flowers today bears ample testimony to their zeal and strength. During the past three years which the present pastoral relationship covers, our little church has grown from 347 members to 504. We have baptized and received by Christian experience 134; by letter, 123. We feel that the outlook is hopeful, but we have no time for self congratulation, even though we may feel that something has been done.

HAVEN'T HELD THE CHILDREN BORN.

As compared with what we ought to do, what we must do, as compared with the general inefficiency in our denomination, we are overwhelmed with the sense of utter failure. The effort of the Baptist church within the past twenty years in New York city for extension has been a stupendous failure. The white Baptists (English speaking) of New York city in the last twenty years have gained in a total membership, according to the rolls, only 575 members. This means no gain at all. We have not held the children that were born in the church, for in that period at least 15,000 have been born within the immediate precincts of the church. Not only so, but the rolls of the churches twenty years ago were kept with greater accuracy than today.

There are churches in New York in our association recording 500 members who have never been able to get together more than sixty at one time. They really have not half that number of members. If the rolls of today showed as clean and accurate reports as the rolls twenty years ago, it would be found that in this period of time we have actually lost thousands in point of number instead of gained a few hundred.

This is not only true of the Baptist denomination. It is equally true of the Methodists, the Presbyterians, the Congregationalists and all allied denominations. As at present conducted all these denominations in the city of New York are stupendous failures. And what have they invested in their work? They do not lack for capital. The Baptist church owns over $4,000,000 of church property in New York city. The Baptists and Methodists and Presbyterians own at least $16,000,000, and perhaps all the minor denominations clustering around them and of the same general methods hold property aggregating more than $20,000,000.

THE MINISTRY OF NEW YORK.

And what has been the result of this investment during twenty years? Nothing. We have not lacked for men of talent. During these twenty years the pulpits of these churches have been filled by men who were better trained, men of greater genius, men who were giants in power, and men who today have not their equals—taking them all in all, man for man—in any city that I know of in the world. They are better educated, because the facilities for their training have been better than their fathers before them. They are stronger, because they inherit the strength of the ages. And yet, with these millions of dollars, and these men of genius, what has been the result? Nothing.

What has been the influence of these churches in the past twenty years, outside of the question of organic development? As a power to shape public opinion and have its effect in the development of society, it is practically nothing. A governor of the state has snapped his fingers in the face of these churches and deliberately said, "Give me the saloons, and you can have the churches." He means by this, these Protestant churches. He had no earthly reference to the Catholic church. Its influence on the community, so far as shaping public opinion in any movement looking toward the bettering of the condition of society, has been therefore nothing. Net results for twenty years, therefore, zero.

What does this mean? It simply means that the time has come when all this machinery shall be gathered up by the sheriff, put up at auction, sold to the highest bidder as junk. Sacred junk, if you will, but junk. I say it with sadness, but I say it without any sort of reservation, that this hour is now upon us. We live in a new city, a new world. We must have a *new church.*

What kind of a church must we have to win the city of today and of the future?

Let it be distinctly understood that I believe the spiritual regeneration of man to be the ultimate end of all organic church movement, and by the methods which I discuss I mean to say that these are movements to this grand end.

SOCIAL CLUBHOUSES.

First—This church must be popular. Its doors must swing wide open. There must be a hearty welcome for all. It must be a great democracy, not a social clubhouse. And this not only because the masses of the people will not cross the threshold of such a clubhouse, which is in itself ample reason for such a church, but also because the population of the city absolutely demands that this be our ideal. The city of New York is not a city of homes. All our great centers of population are becoming more and more intense in their pressure of life. As the pressure of life increases to the square inch, the possibility of home life decreases accordingly. The city of New York today is a different city from that of twenty years ago.

In the recent census taken by the board of health, upon their estimate of a population of 1,600,000, they found, on making an accurate and careful count, that the tenement population in this city living in second and third class apartments was in round numbers 1,250,000 out of a total of 1,600,000. That is to say, the tenement population of New York is practically the whole population. Those who live in homes of their own are not to be counted in the real estimate of the city's condition. This vast population of 1,250,000 move once a year. That is to say, the whole population of New York move once in twelve months. If a man lives two years in a place he is an old citizen.

We have in our denomination fifty churches, if I mistake not, in this city. All but three of them are built on the home idea to reach this little fragment of the city's population. They are built on the idea that they are going to reach a constituency of landlords, people who own their homes. They have left utterly out of calculation the real heart of the city's population, the great mass of the people who live in New York. What we need instead of forty-seven home churches and three popular churches is to have three home churches and forty-seven churches built on the popular plan to reach the masses. Three churches in our denomination would be amply sufficient to cater to this home population. The conditions of the city's life having changed thus, it is imperative, if the church save the city, for it to adapt itself to these new conditions.

MUST BE RED HOT.

Second—The church that saves the city of today and of tomorrow must be red hot. It must be full of life. By heat I mean life. It must touch the life of the people and touch it to the quick. It must preach a live gospel in a live way to living men and women. I saw an advertisement in an English journal which said that a clergyman had for sale several notes of deceased sermons. The trouble with many of our churches is that they have been treated to deceased sermons. There has been a lack of life, not because the preacher had not talent or power, but because a certain coterie and clique in the pews have dominated the pulpit with their own narrow notions. A church without life is utterly powerless. The church that does not throb with life can attract nobody, can hold nobody.

There were two great Dahlgrens lying on the sands at Willet's Point. Major King took these two useless guns, placed them together and wound about them eight miles of cable. All this mass of cable and steel was still utterly powerless. But he turned on to this dense combination the electric current, the life current of the universe, and those two guns, wrapped with those eight miles of cable, became the most powerful magnets perhaps in the world. It is said that the crossbar will sustain a weight of 250,000 pounds simply from the power of that magnetic current that charged these two pieces of steel thus bound together. If a crowbar is placed at the end of the magnet it is said that it requires four men to tear it away.

A cannon ball placed at the end, so heavy that one man lifts it with great difficulty, not only adheres to the magnet, but several other balls can be attached to this one, one after the other, and they will hold sustained in the air from their single point of contact. This is because those two guns are alive; they are charged with life. Everything that comes within the radius of their influence is attracted. An ordinary watch brought within three feet of this magnet stops stock still. If a man takes a sledge hammer and tries to strike a blow within this radius, he feels as if he was yielding a feather against the wind. It has the power thus to reach out and lay hold of that which moves about it and make it tributary to its life.

Just so the church that is alive, charged with the living spirit of God, a-throb with the spirit of Jesus Christ, laying hold of the lives of the world that move about them. The church that lacks this life current can effect nothing.

LIFE'S HANDICAP.

Third—It must touch the whole life of man, physical as well as social. Man's body is the temple of the soul. The church of the future must have its hospitals. We have literally thrown away this tremendous power for good. We have trampled under our feet the parable of the Good Samaritan. We have left to the Catholic church the care of our own sick members, until it is a shame that cries to heaven against our churches and their right to live. There are conditions of physical life that make a moral life impossible in our cities. These physical conditions must be touched with the church's power. There must be wholesome amusement, and the training and development of the body and the promulgation of the laws of hygiene, not simply to the individual, but to the city and the landlord, until it is possible for a man to live in the streets of New York and be an honest man.

I saw lately where a delicate operation had been performed on the skull of a servant girl. She was half witted. The doctor conceived the idea that the cause of her mental weakness was simply the pressure of the skull bone upon the gray matter of the brain. He cut a piece of the skull out, relieved the pressure and lifted the skull until the brain could assume its normal condition. And when the wound healed the light of intelligence grew brighter and brighter from twilight until full morning, and she became one of the most skillful and intelligent servants in the city. One of the things the church must do is to lift the skull from its awful pressure on the brain. There are people whose hearts are so bound with iron bands that they cannot throb. There are brains so crushed and bruised with the mere physical, brute weight of matter that they cannot think, they cannot reason, they cannot find the way of life.

ST. LUKE'S AND THE HOTEL VENDOME.

Fourth—The church must touch the social life as well. One of the powers of the saloons—I have said it again and again, I wish to repeat it again and again—one of the secrets of the saloon's power is its hold on man's social nature. In a recent article which I wrote for Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, I related the fact that I passed St. Luke's Methodist church, on Forty-first street; it was locked, bolted, barred with an iron fence that bristled against the pavements and seemed to repel all who even passed that way. Within a few feet of this dark and gloomy building flashed the windows of the magnificent cafe of the Hotel Vendome. From them poured a flood of light from the brilliant chandeliers over the bar, with its cluster of 250 electric balls. All that art and wealth and the refinement of taste and the highest reach of genius could purchase to entice men was there displayed. Man loves the beautiful, and in the great homeless city this vast population that live without homes are denied the gratification of this divine aspiration; and, alas! the men find it in the corner saloons whose thousands of doors swing wide open and offer to them friendship, companionship, warmth, light, beauty, cheer.

Fifth—This church must be an endowed center of general evangelism. Must be endowed because the whole population is always moving. It is impossible to build a permanent church, save in one or two favored spots, that in itself can be assuredly self supporting. This church has no abiding foundation until it is endowed as a corporation whose life will go on with its permanent income forever. This must be done, not for one church, but for hundreds of churches in the city of New York. We have only received 257 members in the past three years. Compared with what the church did in years past, this is doing well. But we have had nearly a thousand men and women to rise in our meetings confessing their surrender to Christ.

Where are these people? It was impossible for our present machinery to lay hold of them. Many of them have joined other Baptist churches, and far more than have joined this church or any other Baptist church have joined churches of other communions in the city. We are thus required to do a work of general evangelism for the whole city and for the strangers who fill our seats from Sunday to Sunday. To do this we must have a permanent endowment in an institution built for this work. Our membership is a procession. It is of the utmost importance that these people be reached and saved. But to do this work you cannot depend upon the passing crowd for support adequate to the needs of the field.

A CHURCH ON WHEELS.

Sixth—This church must be better manned than the churches of today. There are between five and six thousand people who belong to this congregation in Association hall who regularly attend the hall and who have no other church home. This is our permanent parish. Now suppose this parish belonged to a Catholic or an Episcopal organization. In such a situation there would be from six to ten men in charge of this congregation. Now, the Episcopal and Catholic churches have made remarkable progress in New York in the past twenty years, during the precise period that the other denominations have retrograded.

If this were an Episcopal church there would be at least six men in charge today. But as it is a Baptist church, you have one little thin pastor, and on his shoulders you have piled it all—so thin, in fact, that along in February his friends usually ask him if he doesn't contemplate death in the early spring. Such a system has played out. It is impossible, it is preposterous, to expect that one man can do even in a half way manner the work that a church lays upon the shoulders of a pastor in New York city today.

Seventh—The church must be able to catch the crowd that passes, to lay hold of them and hold them, to save them as they pass. It is an age of swift movement. The crowd in the city is always passing, hurrying with swift feet. It is an age of steam and electricity, and the world is in a rush, the population is in a rush—they are always literally moving. In the past we have tried to head off the movement of population by deserting 200,000 people, moving five miles to catch 200. Our people have thus by moving uptown tried to anticipate the movement of population. Bless you, if you keep up with the movement of population in New York you will have to build your church on wheels, for they all move on an average once a year, speaking generally, leaving out the fragment of people who live in permanent homes. They are always passing and swiftly passing. Your institution must be built to save this swiftly moving mass.

The rapidity with which a man goes to hell in this town is something appalling. I see a man today, tomorrow I don't see him; he is gone—lost for time and eternity. Our methods are too slow; they are rheumatic with age. The world rushes past us on to destruction, while we are raking up the dying embers of the past and thinking of what our fathers thought and felt and did. The crowd is always on the move. In the language of the common people, if you lay hold of the crowd you must "get the move" on them. You are too slow.

THE VERY SAME HORSE.

The churches of New York remind me of a story which a distinguished minister in Cleveland told the other day. He said that a certain people desired to give their pastor a present. They decided to give him a horse. They circulated a petition and took up the collection. It only amounted to $19.50. They were pained at results, but they gave him the horse. The next day a prominent horseman passed the parsonage, and saw the old horse grazing in the parsonage yard. He looked over and said to the preacher, "Well, dominie, that's a little the worst horse I ever saw in my life." The preacher replied, "That's a better horse, sir, than our Saviour rode into Jerusalem on." The horseman went into the yard, looked at the horse's mouth and then replied, "Dominie, *it's the very same horse.*"

Well, it is a fact. We have been trying to drive the antiquated animals which our fathers used thousands of years ago. We have hitched them up to Pullman palace cars, and we try to drive these animals that belong to years gone by along the highways of modern life. It is an age of steam and electricity, and we are some thousands of years behind this fact. Paul declared, "I am all things to all men, if by all means I can save some." We should go back to Paul and learn this first lesson of his success.

OH, GOD, THE CRIME OF IT!

We are talking about rapid transit in the city of New York, underground and viaduct. We have rapid transit already. To my certain knowledge there is a system of underground roads, Grand Trunk, four track roads, that run straight from New York city to hell, and they have ample transit and passenger facilities. They have at least 20,000 Grand Central depots in this city alone. We have not enough stations on the elevated road. We won't have enough stations on the new system. But we have on this system at present in operation 10,000 saloons, and at every saloon there is a Grand Central station.

At every dive, and every brothel, and every race track and poolroom and gambling den in the city there is a Grand Central depot for this grand underground system. And from these depots there run every minute in the day and night of every day and every year lightning expresses straight into hell without change of cars. They pull out loaded and they come back empty, and the grand switch station is in the city hall itself, from which they get their running orders as they come in and go out. And we sit idly dreaming of *antiquities.* Oh, God, the crime of it!

Who Was to Blame.

A half distracted housewife who had sought for three or four weeks without success to find a girl to do general housework, applied with much hopefulness to a church missionary society. She had visited intelligence offices and had used the advertising columns of the newspapers in vain. One day a friend, who was interested in charitable works, said to the disheartened housewife: "Why don't you inquire among the local missionary workers of your church? Surely they must know of worthy women who desire employment." The suggestion was acted upon at once and with immediate promise of success. The chairman of a church relief society assured the housewife that she knew of "just the right woman"—a poor, deserving and pious person.

An interview was soon brought about, and "the poor, deserving and pious person" impressed the housewife so favorably that she made a tender of employment on the spot. "But I must have an understanding about my days and nights off," said the poor woman. "I cannot work on Sundays. I have my Bible class Wednesday evening, my sewing circle Thursday afternoon, and my prayer meeting on Friday night. Of course I cannot give those up." The tender of employment was withdrawn, and the housewife is still looking for a girl.—New York Times.

The Pew System in Our Churches.

The history of religious worship and of religious buildings in America is as exceptional as it is inconsistent. I presume it would be safe to say that there is no other land in Christendom where so many places of religious worship bear witness to the inflexible supremacy of the spirit of caste, for what is the spirit of caste if it be not the spirit that in these conditions and relationships which, seeming to exclude distinctions implying superiority or inferiority of persons, insists upon affirming them?

And is there any other institution which, in the face of the plain teachings of the religion of Jesus Christ—as where in the epistle of St. James it is said: "My brethren have not the faith of our Lord Jesus Christ, the Lord of Glory, with respect of persons. For if there come unto your assembly a man with a gold ring in goodly apparel, and there come in also a poor man in vile raiment; and ye have respect to him that weareth the gay clothing and say unto him, Sit thou here in a good place; and say to the poor, Stand thou there, or sit here under my footstool. Are ye not then partial in yourselves and are become judges of evil thoughts?" (i. e., discriminate from unworthy motives)—is there, I ask, any other institution which, in the face of the plain teaching of its Founder, departs so radically and habitually from that teaching as thus given as does the modern pewed church? —Bishop Potter in Forum.

Mr. Astor's Hard Luck.

Some speculative mathematician has figured it out that Mr. William Waldorf Astor's income is 29 cents a second, $17.28 a minute and about $1,000 an hour. Poor Mr. Astor has to earn money even when he sleeps.—Chicago News.

Would Probably Go Barefoot.

We should like to ask the 200 vegetarians who met in New York what they would do for shoe leather if their peculiar fad was generally practiced?—Shoe and Leather Reporter.

Regularity and Independence in Politics.

There is nobody more irregular than a regular politician of the unprincipled sort. He is essentially and brazenly irregular. His very rules are often constructed for entirely irregular purposes. While making certain apparent use of rules, his whole scheming is against rules; that is, he lends all his energies to falsify public opinion; he misrepresents majorities; he is autocratic, tyrannical and purely self seeking. The securing of fair dealing and just regularity is the very life and intent of rules; whereas this is exactly what the regular politician labors, through his use of regulations, to avoid. We say through his use of regulations; but it is notorious that nobody can break his own rules with more effrontery than the most pedantic of regulars.

As for independence, there is no one, in a sense, so independent as the regular politician. It is he (with the assistance, perhaps, of a little group of cronies) who decides—often with complete indifference to public opinion—what shall be the "principles" of a party, and who shall be its candidates at any given election. When the regular politician, therefore, denounces independence and irregularity, he does it with his tongue in his cheek, and yet there are good men who are innocently beguiled by this sort of talk at every election.—Century.

The Degeneration of English Society.

If we take up a society paper which chronicles the fashionable doings of the week, the list of the smartest and most magnificent entertainments are not those given by the haute noblesse of England, but by a host of people, many of whose names are foreign, and who thirty years ago would not have been heard of outside their provincial home; and to their houses flock princes and princesses and the acknowledged leaders of what was once, and that not long ago, the most exclusive society in Europe.

Shades of the former leaders of society and patronesses of Almacks, do you not turn in your graves at the sight of your grandchildren and their children associating on terms of intimacy and equality with a crowd whose sole recommendation is that it panders and ministers to the most demoralizing influence of an age already bad enough! When all that is needed to insure an entrance into the highest society in England is unlimited wealth, where morality is unnecessary and where it is patronized by the highest in the land—is it to be wondered at that the deterioration which is going on is much more complete and will be more disastrous in its effects than any one likes to admit?—Lady Jeune in North American Review.

SELECTON OF THE FACULTY.

The Various Chairs of the State Girls Normal and Industrial School Filled.

Greensboro', N. C., May 21.—At the meeting of the State Normal and Industrial, which was held in Greensboro last Friday selecting where made to fill chairs in the faculty of that institution, Miss Gertrude W. Mendenhall, of Guilford College, North Carolina, chair of mathematice; Miss Dixie Lee Bryant, B. S., of New Hampshire, natonal science; Miss Viola Boddie, of Asheville, N. C., Latin and French; Miss Myriam Bitting, M. D., of Philadelphia, at present, but a native os Richmond, Va., physical training; Miss Bessie Worthington, of North Carolina, vocal music, and Miss Edith McIntyre, of New York, chair of domestic science. The board assigned to Professor Charles D. McIver the chair of science, art, and history of teaching; to Professor E. A. Alderman the chair of history and English literattre. The board postponed action in the selection of a typewriter and stenographer.

TWELVE THINGS THAT WILL NOT SECURE SALVATION.

1. A lovely character.
2. An intellectual reception of truths, of christianity.
3. An active part in church work.
4. Baptism.
5. Church membership.
6. Faithful attendance upon public worship.
7. Large contributions to the cause of Christ.
8. Morality.
9. Outward observance of religious duties,
10. Religious feeling.
11. Subscription to a creed.
12. The Lord's supper.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. R. H. HOLLIDAY, Clinton, and J. R. SMITH, Druggist, Mount Olive, N. C.

THE NEW DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.

Met last week in Raleigh. There was a good attendance. The only business transacted was the election of a central executive committee. This is as follows; E. C Smith, Paul B Means, T. L. Emry. P. F. Faison, R. H. Battle. Wilson G. Lamb, C. B. Watson, W. E. Ashley, J. P. Caldwell, A. W. Haywood and John L. King. Mr. Smith is chairman, Mr. B. C. Beck, with secretary, until the first Monday in July, to which time the committee adjourned, unless the chairman finds an earlier meeting necessary.

Dyspepsia and Indigestion

In these worst forms are cured by the use of P. P. P. If you are debilitated and run down, or if you need a tonic to regain flesh and lost appetite strength and vigor, take P. P. P., and you will be strong and healthy. For shattered constitutions and loss of manhood P. P. P. (Prickly Ash Poke Root and Potassium) is the king of all medicines. P. P. P. is the greatest blood purifier in the world. For sale by all druggists.

The smallest Pill in the World!

Tutt's Tiny Pills

are very small, yet possess all the virtues of the larger Tutt's Pills which have been so popular for thirty years. Their size and sugar-coating commend them for the use of children and persons with weak stomachs. For

Sick Headache

they are invaluable as they cause the food to assimilate, nourish the body, and pass off naturally without nausea or griping. Both sizes of Tutt's Pills are sold by all druggists. Dose small. Price, 25c. Office, 39 Park Place, N. Y.

THE ACCURSED CHURCH.

Tragedy That Closed Its Doors on the Day of Its Dedication.

Five miles northeast of the little town of Raymore, Mo., is an old closed church which has a remarkable history, which was told to your correspondent here a few days ago. The church stands off from the road in an old field, and the appearance of desolation which pervades the building, and the fact that neither it nor the small surrounding field is ever molested, caused an inquiry to be made as to its history. It is known far and wide as the "cursed church," and its history is a romance in itself. It was told by a farmer who lives near the place and to whom all the associations are sacred from the fact that he was a participator in the events which placed the building in its present condition.

Just after the close of the war of the rebellion there came to this section one who soon became known as a powerful preacher and a God fearing man. He was unassuming in his manner, and was beloved by all to such an extent that he was induced to undertake the task of building a church and holding regular services in the then thinly settled section. He went among the people and obtained enough money for the material for the building, and then, with his own hands and such assistance as the busy farmers could give him, he erected the house. When it was completed it was dedicated, and the first and only services were held in it. It was the apple of his eye, and stood next in his affections to his young wife, whom he had just married, she being the daughter of a farmer living close by.

During these first services the preacher was astonished to see that his young wife was carrying on a flirtation with a young farmer with whom report had coupled her name before the marriage. After the services he told his wife that he could not go home until night, as he was compelled to go to see a sick member, and then left the church only to watch for results. He was more than rewarded, and as a result of his watching he found sufficient cause for his jealousy. He discovered that the pair remained in the church after the others went home, and there he met them and accused them of their perfidy. They could say nothing in reply, and the result was that the unhappy man lost all reason and visited upon them a terrible vengeance.

His wrath was so great that he became insane, and with a club he attacked the pair, following them with such terrible blows that they were beaten to death and then pounded into bruised masses of flesh and blood. He was a raving maniac for the time being, but soon after his terrible deed he cooled down and made preparations for a fitting finale to the awful scene. He took the bodies and carried them to the stage on which he preached and laid them side by side, all covered with blood as they were. He then washed his hands and straightened his apparel and went among his flock, telling them that he would hold night service that evening and asked all to be sure to be there, as he would tell them a great secret. This of course was sufficient to bring out an immense audience.

When he came that night he told the dreadful story of his day's work. After he had finished and before the spell-bound congregation could recover from its surprise, he showed them the dead bodies, and then pronounced a curse on the church. He cursed the building and wound up with a curse on any one who should ever again cross its threshold, or attempt to move one board, or to injure the building. He then gave the people his blessing, and drawing a revolver deliberately shot himself dead, falling across the bodies of his wife and her lover. The people removed the bodies and then nailed up the doors and windows, and built a fence around the place, and the spell of the curse was so strong that to this day no one has ever had the temerity to attempt to go into the house or to remove a single board from the building. —Philadelphia Press.

Exhumed History.

Every young reader who has been charmed by the wonderful story of Joseph in Egypt must be interested to know how much modern science and enterprise are doing to restore the scenes and objects he looked upon, and the outlines of the very life of his generation. Pithom, one of the "treasure cities" in which doubtless that Hebrew hero and pattern man stored up the surplus of the harvests of the "seven years of plenty," has been discovered by Dr. Naville and excavated from the sand. It is the city which the Greeks called Heroopolis.

Doctor Naville's explorations have enabled him also to identify the early camps of the Israelites, Succoth—a district, not a city—Pi-Hahiroth, Baal-Zephon and other places, and so trace their journey to where they crossed the Red sea.

It seems almost as if the localities of Bible history were cast by design outside of the path of destroying time. Climate, the embalmer's art, and the all covering sand have kept the daily world of the Pharaohs, like an old but indelible "negative," to be brought out in full photograph by nations thousands of years younger than they.

Men like Mariette Bey, Mr. Petrie and Dr. Naville have unearthed and are still unearthing for us the very halls and streets where old Egyptians bowed the knee to Joseph or trembled at the miracles of Moses and Aaron, and restoring to the light of day the inscriptions and some of the very papyri which they actually saw and read.

It is a silent language these risen relics speak, for the vowels are all gone out of them; but it requires but little imagination to breathe life and sound into the startling consonants—the skeletons of a past so real and so grand.—Youth's Companion.

Strangers in the House of Commons.

The number of strangers admitted to the various galleries of the house of commons in each session of the present parliament appears, from the returns granted to Mr. Childers on July 21 last, to have been, in the second session of 1886, 6,229, or a daily average of 201; in 1887, 32,548, or a daily average of 203; in 1888, 35,033, or a daily average of 219; in 1889, 25,587, or a daily average of 210; in 1890, 29,817, or a daily average of 238, and in 1891, 22,832, or a daily average of 162.

The total number of sittings of the house during the present parliament has been 739, and the total number of persons admitted to the galleries was 152,046, or at the rate of 206 per sitting. Ladies and distinguished strangers admitted to their respective galleries are not included in the return, which stated that the speaker's gallery and the strangers' gallery were amalgamated on June 17, 1888, and designated the "Members' gallery."—London Tit-Bits.

Twenty-two newspapers in the state of Kansas are edited by woman.

Some of the caterpillars in Australia measure twelve inches in length.

It is difficult to trust a person's theology when his grammar is faulty.

THE CAUCASIAN

CLINTON, N. C.,—May 26, 1892.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

How to Advertise.

We do not wish large advertisements, but a number of small ones for a year. It is not SIZE but TIME that we prefer.

RATES.

ADVERTISING:

1 inch	1 week,	75	4 col. (6 in.)	1 wk,	$ 5.50
1 "	1 mo.,	$ 1.50	¼ " "	1 mo.,	$ 7.00
1 "	1 yr.,	$10.00	¼ " "	1 yr.,	$35.00
1 "	1 wk.,	$ 2.00	½ " "	1 wk.,	$ 6.00
1 "	1 mo.,	$ 4.00	½ " "	1 mo.,	$11.00
2 "	1 yr.,	$20.00	½ " "	1 yr.,	$65.00
1 col.	1 week,	$ 9.00			
2 "	1 mo.,	$18.00	An extra charge is made for position.		
1 "	1 yr,	$120.00			

SUBSCRIPTION:

One year,	$1 50
Six months,	75
Four months,	50

Wants, Business Locals, Reading Notices, Cards, etc., will be inserted at ten cents per line (six words) for first insertion and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituaries published free if not more than ten lines, (sixty words); five cents for each additional line (six words each). This charge is made, as you will see, simply as a check on length.

Communications discussing the topics of the day, if to the point and briefly expressed will be published in column headed "A Forum of Public Opinion."

Communications containing strictly News Items will always be welcomed and published with pleasure. By sending such news items frequently you will help both your community and the paper.

When you wish your address changed, give old as well as new office.

Address all communications and business letters to

THE CAUCASIAN, Clinton, N. C.

Matters of a private nature should be marked "Personal" and addressed to

MARION BUTLER,
Clinton, N. C

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ "Wants" and Business Notices can be inserted in this column at ten cents a line.

IT PAYS TRUCKERS

To ship their produce to old and reliable commission houses, such as A. S. Cook & Co., New York, and Stimpson, Littlefield & Co., Boston. These well known firms are represented here by Mr. W. G. Hubbard, who will give his personal attention to all shipments of beans, berries, &c., from this section.

Apply to him for shipping instructions, stencils, postals, &c.

Prompt Returns Guaranteed.

The people of Sampson and surrounding counties are, no doubt, very often perplexed where they can buy such goods as they need for the least money. We, therefore, take the liberty of informing our friends that for Clothing, Shoes, Dress Goods, Hats, Pants, Good Bleaching, Caps, White and Checked Homespun, Edgeing, all of which is as good as they can be found elsewhere, are sold by us for less than in any store this side of New York. We discount our bills, which amount covers all expenses of getting the goods on the shelves, hence the consumer has only a small profit to pay when he buys from us.

M. HANSTEIN,
King Clothier and Hatter.

Ship your Truck to J. F. Kimball & Co., Boston, or S. H. & C. H. Frost, New York. For stencils and cards. Apply to

W. S. PARTRICK.

my 19 -tf.

OVERCOAT LOST.

Some one through mistake took an overcoat of mine from Mr. A. F. Johnson's store on last Tuesday. The person who has it will please leave it at The Caucasian office.

J. D. BUTLER,
Hawley's Store, N. C.

Big lot of Flour for sale cheap Also new crop Cuba Molasses, and Railroad Snuff at 35 cents per pound at C. P. JOHNSON'S.

NOTICE!

TO CREDITORS OF CLINTON LOAN ASSOCIATION.

It is important that all persons who hold claims against this Association, and who have not presented them to me should do so at once, or they may be deprived of some valuable right. W. A DUNN,
Receiver.

At M. Hanstein's you can buy a yard wide white homespun at 6 cts from 1 yard to 1000. Fruit of the Loom at 9 cts per yard. A very nice dress goods at 4½ cts per yard. The best light Calicoes at 5 cts per yard. A splendid Pants Goods at 10 cts per yard. We have the best Pants for one dollar that can be found any where, and the grandest Coats and Vests for one dollar. Best Domet Shirts at 25 cts. Lots of other goods can be found in our store very cheap.

Thanking our friends for their kind remembrance in trading so liberally with us for the last few months we shall strive to please everybody who calls on us, and shall remember the scarcity of money, hence the goods must be sold cheap, so everybody can buy.

M. HANSTEIN,
King Clothier and Hatter.

MOVED.

I have moved my stock of General Merchandise and Notions from my old stand to the Ferrell Store, formerly occupied by T. H. Partrick, where I shall be glad to show my friends some very cheap goods, such as Crockery, Tinware, Clothing, Tobacco, and Notions.

Buggy Whips at such low prices from 10c. up.

Be sure to see these goods, and enquire their prices.

Good Kerosene Oil at 15c. per gallon. W. H. DUNCAN.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

Our entire stock of Goods is now offered at New York cost for cash Our books are closed and all accounts are due and must be paid. We mean just what we say.

oc 22-tf WM. A. JOHNSON.

RACKET STORE.

A new lot of goods to arrive this week, solid pink blue cream muslins and chambreys, and a new line of summer hats. Call and see them and send for samples.

Very respectfully,
MARY E. PETERSON & Co.

Everybody invited to B. F. Powell's, if they want to buy the best needles in the world or dry goods, groceries, tobacco, snuff, clocks, watches, spectacles and jewelry.

I buy Wool, Feathers, Hides, Eggs, Wax and Tallow.

Respectfully,
B. F. POWELL.

WANTED.—A live, energetic man to canvass, sell machines and collect in this county. We furnish a light wagon, agent to furnish horse and harness and make a $500 bond. We offer a splendid contract to the right man. We want a hustler.

THE SINGER M'F'G. Co.,
J. H. HARLEY, Manager,
Wilmington, N. C.

My Spring and Summer stock of Dress Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions and Shoes has never been equaled in Clinton. Come one and all now to W. S. PARTRICK'S.

GENERAL DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

J. S. Bizzell, Clerk Superior Court.
J. M. Spell, Sheriff and Treasurer.
O. F. Herring, Register of Deeds.

TOWN OFFICERS.

R. C. Homes, Mayor.
A. V. Royal, Policeman.
Dr. R. H. Holliday, Treasurer.
D. M. Partrick, Clerk.
R. C. Holmes, R. H. Holliday, D. M. Partrick, J. C. Slocumb, R. J. Williams, Commissioners.

POST OFFICE.

Clifton Ward, P. M., opens 6:00 A. M., closes 9:00 P. M. Mails close at 8 A. M. and 2:50 P. M.

PRINTING OFFICE.

Caucasian Job Office, on Fayetteville Street, next Alliance Store. Bill Heads, Letter Heads and Envelopes, Posters and Programmes, Mortgages, &c.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.

Train leaves for Warsaw at 8:20 A. M.

Train from Warsaw arrives at 11:55 A. M.

Leaves for Warsaw in P. M. at 3:10.

Arrives Clinton in P. M. at 7:00.

WHERE TO WORSHIP.

Baptist, O. P. Meeks pastor; services 1st and 3rd Sunday. Prayer meeting Wednesday night Sunday School Sunday morning at 9 o'clock.

Episcopal, ——— rector. Sunday School Sunday evening at 4:30.

Methodist, J. M. Ashby pastor; services 3rd Sunday. Prayer meeting Thursday night. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

Presbyterian, ——— pastor, Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

LODGES.

Clinton No. 124, I. O. O. F., meets every Tuesday night at 8 P. M. W. H. Stetson, N. G., D. M. Partrick, Sec't'y.

Sampson Encampment No. 18, I. O. O. F., meets 3nd and 4th Thursday nights in Odd Fellows Hall. J. A. Stevens, C. P., D. M. Partrick, Scribe.

Clinton No. 3109 K. of H., meets in Masonic Hall on the 1st and 3rd Thursday night. J. A. Beaman Dic., H. B. Chesnutt, Sec't'y.

Hiram No. 98, A. F. & A. M., meets in Masonic Hall the 3rd Friday in each month. Everett Peterson, W. M., B. Matthews, Sec't'y.

Index to New Advertisements.

Copartnership Dissolution.—A. F. Johnson & Co.

LOCAL ITEMS:

—It is a comfort that our street lamps continue to burn brightly and clearly.

—Mr. H. E Royal has opened on ice store next to Dr. Holliday's drug store.

—Mr. R. J. Williams was the first to ship beans from here. He shipped a box last Friday.

—We are glad to know that Messrs. T. M. Ferrell and Julian Lewis, have been quite sick, are improving.

—Rev. Mr. Wooten preached two very interesting and instructive sermons at the Episcopal church last Sunday.

—Roscoe, the two year old of Hon. and Mrs. B F. Grady, died at their home in Wallace last Sunday evening.

—There will be a meeting of the Library Association to-morrow night at Mrs. Ashfords. A full attendance is required.

—We are glad to hear that Mrs. Dr. Boyeette, who sustained some very pain ful injuries by a fall last Friday, is rapidly improving.

—Though the cold weather played havoc with our bean crops, a good many are being shipped from here. An unusual large quantity were planted this year.

Maj. W. A. Johnson acted as chairman of the Sampson delegation at the State Convention. An honor which, of course, his marked fitness made him deserve.

—Rev. R E. Peels will preach at the Baptist Church next Sunday night at 8 P. M. Mr. Peele's known reputation in Clinton will give him a good audience, which he deserves.

—Hurrah for Carr! Everybody with whom we have talked are perfectly and entirely satisfied with Elias Carr for Governor, and will doubtless receive a very large majority in Sampson county.

—Mr. Cicero Johnson was elected a member of the State Democratic Executive Committee last week, an honor which Mr. Johnson's good judgment, ability and fidelity to party fully merits. We congratulate him.

—Miss Mory Lou Brown's school had quite an enjoyable picnic last Thursday, the day of their school closing.

—Messrs. C. E Ship and N. M. Register, who have been attending school at Huntley, were on our streets this week. They report quite an interesting commencement. Mr. F. R Cooper delivered the address.

—Mr. D B. Nicholson delivered the address at the closing exercises of Beaver Dam High School last week. Mess. Sandy Peaterson, A. Z. Matthis, Chas. Butler and Miss Flor Monk furnished the music.

—Col. Thos. Ashford is in town. He seemed, and justly so too, quite sanguine of the usefulness and demand for his kindling fuel, which is being so favorably received. It is meeting with marked success, which we are sure it deserves

S. L. I. Celebration.

The Samson Light Infantry had their annual celebration last Friday. A good number of the members were present, and in addition to the pleasures of the re union, good solid work was done by practice all day. Capt. Kerr and his lieutenants worked faithfully and doubtless feel fully repaid for their efforts.

The ladies of the town and country gave an ice-cream festival during the day and at night, from which was realized quite a handsome sum, which is to be devoted to the company. The ladies who were so kind and attentive are due thanks of the company. The company is doing well.

The Silent Reaper.

The Angel of Death has again hovered over our town, and carried from our midst one of our purest, noblest, and christian women. In the death of Mrs. Margaret Faison Johnson, on last Tuesday, 24th inst., Clinton has again been called on to mourn one of its sad afflictions.

Mrs. Johnson had been in very feeble health for the past few months, being unable to leave her home for several weeks. She has suffered much, but suffered only as one having perfect hope in a rewarding future.

Mrs. Johnson was a sister to the late lamented Maj. W. L. Faison.

At her death was about 66 years old. She married Mr. Alfred Johnson about 1847. She leaves four children to mourn their sad loss. Mrs. N. Z. Graves, of Philadelphia, Mrs. Thos. Ashford, of Kinston, Mrs. H. E. Faison, and Edward Johnson, of Clinton.

In her home life she was the kind, pure and noble woman that she was to the world She loved her children almost to a fault, and no sacrifice was too great for her, would it give the slightest pleasure or comfort to them. To the poor, and the troubled no one was more ready to gladly respond to their cries than was she. At all times, and under every circumstance she was willing and ready to give them a helping hand, and deeds and acts of kindness and charity. Many noble and charitable deeds she leaves as monuments to her christian life, and they will be sorely and many times missed in our community.

Her funeral ceremonies was conducted by her life long friend Rev. Colen Shaw, and her remains were paid the last sad tribute by host of family and friends.

Congressional Delegates.

The following is a list of delegates and alternates appointed by the last County Democratic Convention to the Congressional which meets in Clinton July 20:

PINEY GROVE.—I. E. Jones, Daniel Kornegay, J. D. Ezzell, W. I. Lane, Edwin Boyette.

HALL'S.—S. M. Weeks, B. Holland, T. W. Barbrey, J. H. Packer, R. W. Bass.

NORTH CLINTON.—W. E. Stevens, James Pigford, J. S. Bizzell, J. E. Chesnutt, R. B. Smith.

MCDANIEL'S.—Chas. Vann, John Horn, W. R. Owens, T. E. Owens, Robt. Highsmith.

HONEYCUTT'S.—J. H. Parker, J. A. Royal, S. A. Howard, J. A. Underwood, F. M. White.

NEWTON GROVE.—J. H. Bryan, J. M. Britt, Stocton Tart, G. R. Williams, R. S. Underwood.

LITTLE COHARIE.—J. J. Highsmith, J. R. Owens, A. R. Crumpler, Bascom Spell, Street Brewer.

TURKEY.—L. M. Parker, W. J. Moore, N. C. Faison, J. L. Hines, J. T. Kennedy,

FRANKLIN.—L. R. Highsmith, L. D. Highsmith, George Ramsey, D. R. Newkirk, J. B. Seavey.

MINGO.—Jas. Jackson, Hause Herring, W. J. Jernigan, M. H. Tew, J. C. Draughon.

WESTBROOK'S.—W. R. Lee, Jas. Denning, R. S. Westbrook, Noel West, J. W. Denning.

TAYLOR'S BRIDGE.—I. J. H. Peterson, A. H. Merritt, J. H. Tyler, C. C. Johnson, J. J. Vann.

DISMAL.—C. H. Williams, R. O. Autry, S. O. Page, Joseph Rench, R. W. Howard.

LISBON.—J. D. Johnson, A. F. Robinson, W. B. Lamb, J. P. Parker, J. O. Herring.

SOUTH CLINTON.—Henry E. Faison, F. S. Atkins, Homer Peterson, Jasper Cooper, J. R. Beaman.

DELEGATES AT LARGE.—W. N. Patterson, Isbam Royal.

When Traveling,

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kodneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cents and $1 bottles by all leading druggists.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Nervousness, and General Debility. Physicians recommend it. All dealers sell it. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

[For THE CAUCASIAN.

MY ANGEL BROTHER.

Far away in that home that is lighted by stars,
My brother is waiting for me,
He left us so young, yet God knoweth best,
And now he is so happy and free.

His pure little soul floated out from his home,
And was moored to that far away shore;
He left us a child, he's an angel now,
Yet a child we would have him once more.

So young, so innocent! Pity it were
To part with a spirit so rare;
And tho' he is dead, we know that he lives
And is waiting to welcome us there.

Perhaps it was best that he left us so soon,
For tho' he's so far, far above,
Yet his spirit inspires our mind with a hope,
That yearns for that "Kingdom of Love."

H. A. G.

Wallace, N. C., May 20th, 1892.

Personals.

Mr. Geo. Butler spent Sunday here.

Mr. Jas. King arrived in town Monday.

Mrs. W. H. Williams is visiting in town.

Miss Florence Faison is in town this week.

Mrs. T. B. Pierce, of Warsaw, was here Wednesday.

Mrs. Dr. Hussey, of Warsaw, was in town last week.

Mr. Marion Butler went up to Raleigh Tuesday.

Mr. Owen Love, of Wilmington, spent Sunday here.

Dr. A. M. Lee, who has been on the sick list, is improving.

Col. and Mrs. Thos. Ashford, of Kinston, are visiting in town.

Miss Carrie Powell, of Warsaw, is visiting at Mr. D. B. Nicholson's.

Messrs. W. H. Duncan and Jasper Carr went up to Faison Thursday.

Mrs. Dr. Stevens left Tuesday for Wilson, to see her mother who is quite ill.

Miss Mable Culbreth returned Saturday from Greensboro Female Seminary.

Dr. Roberts, of Durham, spent a few days with Mr. D. B. Nicholson last week.

Mrs. Jas. Moseley, of Durham, is visiting relatives and friends of her husband here.

Miss Julia Herring has returned from a visit to her sister and brothers in Wilmington.

Mr. W. S. Partrick made a business trip to Wilmington for two or three days last week.

Mrs. Belle Bryan and Miss Minnie Faison were here Wednesday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Johnson.

Dr. Needham Herring, of Wilson, spent Friday night and Saturday with his daughter Mrs. Dr. Stevens.

Misses Anna and Addie Bizzell, Mrs. R. J. Williams, and Mrs. Jas. S. Bizzell, were down to Wallace Monday to attend the funeral of little Roscoe Grady.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Z. Graves, of Philadelphia, were here last Sunday. They came to see Mrs. Graves' mother Mrs. Margaret Johnson. They returned Monday to Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN—I have suffered for years with a kind of Teter, or breaking out all over my body, and at times these small pimples would terminate in boils. While traveling in the South last year I had occasion to try a bottle of P. P. P., which was recommended to me by a friend, and to my surprise it helped me so much that I got six bottles more, and after taking the full contents, I felt better than I had since the beginning of my trouble, and while I have no symptoms of the disease returning, I am still using the wonderful medicine at intervals, and am fully satisfied that I will be entirely curreedof a disease that for fifteen years has troubled me. I cannot express my gratitude to you for so wonderful a benefactor as yonr P. P. P. (Prickly Ash Poke Root and Potassium.

I am yours truly,
JACAT PETERS, Savanah, Ga.

The theatres of London are now fumigated after each performance to prevent the spread of the grip.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases.!" Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, cezema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leave the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S Ointment.

The farmer is in politics and politican is in perplexity.

Hair all gone, scalp covered with eruptions, and pains in all his limbs, a dreadful case of disease, yet P. P. P. remained master of the situation, a cure was affected, and the patient, the Marshall of Monticello, Fla., says his hair has grown out, and that he is a well man. The cure spread far and wide, and now the drug stores of Monticello buy P. P. P. in large quantities.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Copartnership Dissolution.

The copartnership dissolution heretofore existing between the undersighed is this day dissolved by mutual consent

A. F Johnson assumes all liabilities of the firm and continues the business in his own name.

Messrs. Atkins anp Hubbard remain as salesmen, and thanking their friends for their liberal patronage, solicit a continuance of the same under the present management,

A. F. JOHNSON & CO.

A. F. JOHNSON,
W. G. HUBBARD,
F. T. ATKINS,
April 1st, 1892. —26-4t

MARKETS.

CLINTON.

(Reported by A. F. Johnson & Co.)

Corn,	75
Peas,	80
Bacon,	8 to 11
Chickens,	15 to 25
Eggs,	10
Beeswax	18 to 22
Butter,	20 to 25
Lard,	10
Fodder,	85
Flour,	5 50 to 6 00
Hides,	05 to 06

WILMINGTON.

Turpentine, (hard)	1 00
" (Virgin and Yellow Dip)	2 00
Spirits Turpentine,	28 per gallon
Rosin, (strained)	1 00 per barrel
" (good strained)	1 05 per barrel
Tar,	$1 35 per barrel
Crude Turpentine, (Hard)	$ 1 10
" " (Virgin)	2 00
Yellow Dip,	2 00
Timber, per m.,	3 00 to 15 00

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

P. P. P.
CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES

Physicians endorse P. P. P. as a splendid combination, and prescribe it with great satisfaction for the cures of all forms and stages of Primary, Secondary and Tertiary

P. P. P.
CURES SCROFULA.

Syphilis, Syphilitic Rheumatism, Scrofulous Ulcers and Sores, Glandular Swellings, Rheumatism, Malaria, old Chronic Ulcers that have resisted all treatment. Catarrh,

P. P. P. CURES BLOOD POISON

Skin Diseases, Eczema, Chronic Female Complaints, Mercurial Poison, Tetter, Scald Head, Etc., Etc.

P. P. P. is a powerful tonic, and an excellent appetizer, building up the system rapidly.

P. P. P. CURES RHEUMATISM

Ladies whose systems are poisoned and whose blood is in an impure condition due to menstrual irregularities are peculiarly benefited by the wonderful tonic and blood cleansing properties of P. P. P., Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium.

P. P. P. CURES MALARIA

P. P. P.
CURES DYSPEPSIA

LIPPMAN BROS., Druggists, Proprietors,
Lippman's Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

CHILD BIRTH . . . MADE EASY!

"MOTHERS' FRIEND" is a scientifically prepared Liniment, every ingredient of recognized value and in constant use by the medical profession. These ingredients are combined in a manner hitherto unknown

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

WILL DO all that is claimed for it AND MORE. It Shortens Labor, Lessens Pain, Diminishes Danger to Life of Mother and Child. Book to "MOTHERS" mailed FREE, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

Sent by express on receipt of price $1.50 per bottle
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES
TRADE MARK.
Quality First and Always.

T. M. FERRELL, General Merchant, has exclusive sale of these celebrated Glasses in Clinton N. C. KELLAN & MOORE, the only manufacturing Opticians in the South. Atlanta, Ga.

my5—tf

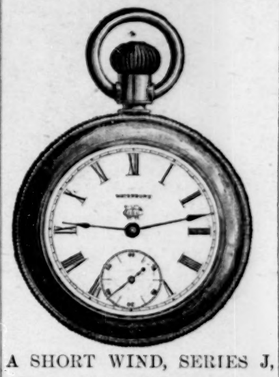
FOR DYSPEPSIA
Use Brown's Iron Bitters.
Physicians recommend it.
All dealers keep it. $1.00 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAMPAIGN OFFER!

The Campaign will be unusually interesting this year. Every one must and will read about it. THE CAUCASIAN will tell you all about it from now till the election for FIFTY CENTS. Can we take down your name for a Campaign Subscriber?

WE WILL GIVE



A SHORT WIND, SERIES J,

$4.00 Watch,

Like the above, to the person will get us up a CLUB OF 12 NEW CASH SUBSCRIBERS for one year each. This is the same Watch that Mr. G. T. Rawls', the Jeweler, has for sale in Clinton. Who will bring the first Club? The Watch is ready for you.

THE CAUCASIAN,
ap7—tf Clinton, N. C.

Dr. Boykin's Worm Killer.

THE MOST RELIABLE WORM DESTROYER IN USE.

Receipt Furnished to any Regular Physician when Requested.

We have never asked for a certificate. We have some of the strongest ever given—all sent without solicitation. The Vermifuge the best in the market. The price as low as any—then why not use it? Read a few only of the many evidences of its great merit:

LA GRANGE, N. C., July '87.

Mr. J. P. Joyner: -I gave my child one dose of Boykin's "Worm Killer" purchased of you. It brought 366 worms. I consider it the best worm medicine made. Respectfully, J. W. THOMAS.

Price Only 25 Cents per Bottle.

Do not let your Druggist or General Dealer put you off with some OTHER. Ask for Boykin's Worm Killer and get it. Any M. D. can prescribe it and many do.

BOYKIN, CARMER & CO.,
Nos. 11 & 13 N. Liberty St.,
mch24—9t Baltimore, Md

We Sell and Recommend HERBINE as THE BEST LIVER AND CHILL MEDICINE CURE.

CHEAPEST MEDICINE KNOWN
CONSIDERING QUALITY AND SIZE OF DOSE.
IT WILL ALSO CURE
BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA,
AND CHRONIC CONSTIPATION.

JOHN R. SMITH,
DRUGGIST.
Mt. Olive, N.C.

NOTICE.

BY VIRTUE OF A POWER OF a sale, contained in a mortgage deed, executed by S. D. Jackson to Wm. E. Bass, which said mortgage has been duly transferred to us by the said Wm. E. Bass, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Sampson county, in book 92 page 539, I will sell, on Saturday, the 11th day of June, 1892, at the Court House door, in the town of Clinton, at 12 o'clock a m., for cash, the following real estate, viz: Four parcels of land, lying and being in Mingo township, said county, all contiguous and known as the lands of the said S. D Jackson. For further particulars particulars reference is made to book 92, page 539, Register of Deeds office of said county, said sale is made for the satisfaction of mortgage which I hold.

E. B. PARKER, Assignee.

J A FARMER, Attorney.
This 2nd day of May, 1892.—12-4t

NORTH CAROLINA, SAMPSON CO.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Sophia A. King, widow of J. H. King, deceased,
vs.
Joseph A. King and others Heirs at Law.

To Harvey King, O. F. King, Charles King and Lewis E. King:

Take notice that this is a special proceeding, started before J. S Bizzell, Clerk of the Superior Court, for the purpose of laying off and allotting to the said Sophia A. King her dower on the lands of the said J. H. King, dec'd Said petition will be heard by the said Clerk on May 17th, 1892, at his office in Clinton, N. C. You can appear and answer or demur to the said petition, as you may be advised.

I. S. BIZZELL, C. S. C.
Aptil 12th, 1892 —14-6t

A First-Class BARBER SHOP.

If you wish a first-class Shave, Hair Cut, Shampoon or Mustache Dye, call at my place of business on Wall Street, three doors from the corner of M. Hanstein's, there you will find me at all hours.

RAZORS SHARP, SHEARS KEEN!

If you want a good job don't fail to call on me. J. H. SIMMONS,
apr10—tf Barber.

NEW DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS.

Our Spring Goods!

Are now here ready for inspection, approval and delivery. Don't buy blindly. Look around you and compare prices and goods. We are willing to stand the test of the most rigid inspection. If Our goods are not all we claim for them, then don't buy. We make no false statements. Our specialties and unusual values can always be found as advertised.

The following departments are complete, and among them you will find many things to interest you: Dry Goods, Notions, Jewelry, Hats, Shoes, Carpets, Trunks, Crockery, Hardware, Tinware, Groceries, Paints, Oils and Varnishes.

See Our Specialties for the Next Thirty Days:

2,000 yards of Dress Goods, at 5 cents.
36-inch, ALL WOOL, Dress Goods, at 35 cents.
40-inch, ALL WOOL, Dress Goods, at 35 cents.
Ladies' Patent Leather Tip, Oxfords, at $1.00
Parasols at 50 cents and $1.00.
Hammocks at 50 cents.
Wire Coat and Hat Hooks at 10 cents per dozen.

Respectfully,

A. F. JOHNSON.

Atlantic & N. C. Railroad

TIME TABLE 10.

To take effect 6 a. m., Wednesday, May 28th, 1890.

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	Mixed Frt. and Passenger Tues., Thursday and Saturday.	51 Passenger, DAILY, Except Sunday.
	Ar.	Lv. Ar. Lv.
	A. M.	A. M. P M P M
Goldsboro,		6 30 3 30
Best's,	6 57	7 05 3 53 3 56
La Grange,	7 20	7 30 4 06 4 03
Falling Creek,	7 48	7 53 4 21 4 20
Kinston,	8 11	8 30 4 35 4 45
Caswell,	8 50	8 55 4 55 4 55
Dover,	9 15	10 02 5 05 5 09
Core Creek,	10 31	10 36 5 19 5 15
Tuscarora,	11 00	11 05 5 31 5 31
Clark's,	11 17	11 41 5 41 5 48
Newberne,	12 15	3 00 6 00 6 09
Riverdale,	3 37	3 42 6 39 6 34
Croatan.	3 48	3 50 6 44 6 46
Havelock,	4 08	13 6 56 6 56
Newport,	4 37	42 7 13 7 14
Wildwood,	4 5	55 7 24 7 28
Atlantic,	5	01 7 28 7 23
Morehead C'y,	5	21 7 38 7 46
Atlantic Hotel,	5 23	5 28 7 45 7 59
Morehead Dp't	5 31	7 53
	P. M.	P. M. P M P M

GOING WEST. 2

STATIONS.	50 Passenger. DAILY. Except Sunday.	Mixed Frt. and Passenger Wednesday and Friday.
	Ar.	Lv. Ar. Lv.
	A. M.	A. M P M P M
Morehead Dp't		6 45 6 00
Atlantic Hotel,	6 48	7 00 8 05 6 15
Morehead C'y;	7 02	7 07 6 17 6 27
Atlantic,	7 18	7 18 6 47 6 52
Wildwood,	7 23	7 23 7 00 7 05
Newport,	7 30	7 33 7 17 7 34
Havelock,	7 51	7 53 8 00 8 10
Croatan;	8 07	8 07 8 28 8 33
Riverdale,	8 12	8 12 8 41 8 45
Newberne,	8 37	8 50 9 22 1 36
Clark's,	9 08	9 08 2 02 2 12
Tuscarora,	9 18	9 18 2 24 2 30
Core Creek,	9 32	9 32 2 54 3 00
Dover,	9 48	9 48 3 25 3 46
Caswell,	9 59	9 59 4 00 4 05
Kinston,	10 08	10 13 4 25 5 00
Falling Creek,	10 26	10 26 5 24 5 36
La Grange,	10 42	10 45 5 54 6 04
Best's,	10 56	11 00 6 24 6 34
Goldsboro,	11 30	7 20
	A. M.	A. M. A M A M

Train 50 connects with Wilmington & Weldon train bound North, leaving Goldsboro 11:50 a. m., and with Richmond & Danville train West, leaving Goldsboro 2:40 p. m.

Train 51 connects with Richmond & Danville train, arriving at Goldsboro 2:55 p. m., and with Wilmington & Weldon train from the North, at 3 10 p. m.

Train 2 connects with Wilmington & Weldon through freight train, North bound, leaving Golusboro at 9:50 p. m.

S. L. DILL,
Superintendent

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST

Protect your family, your estate and secure consolation for yourself by taking out

INVESTMENT POLICY

of Life Insusance in the old reliable well managed Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York The Mutua Life is the OLDEST, BEST AND MOST POPULAR Life Insurance Company in the WORLD. In every point of excellence the Mutual Life record reaches to heights not approached by any other company in the world; it provides absolute SECURITY, immediate PROTECTION, a straightforward, clearly defined contract, without ambiguities or useless restrictions, and is virtually NON FORFEITABLE after being two years in force, The Mutual Life's assets amount to more than one hundred and fifty-nine million.

Represented in Sampson and adjoining counties by

mch17—tf E M. PETERSON

Notice.

In addition to my Regular Stock of WATCHES AND CLOCKS,

And my Repairing Business and and agency for sewing Machines, I have accepted the agency for the Great Southern Music House of Ludin & Bates, of Savannah, Ga., for the sale of

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

I sell the following well-known and reliable makes: Mathushek, Sterling, Mason & Hamlin and Chickering.

A sample Sterling Piano and a Sterling Organ can be seen on exhibition at my place of business in Clinton. Call in and get our terms.

Yours truly,
y9-tf H. B. GIDDENS.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad

AND BRANCHES.

Condensed Schedule

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED March 28, 1892	No 23, Daily.	No. 27. Daily.
Lv. Weldon	12 30 p. m	5 45 p. m.
Ar. Rocky Mt.	1 40 "	7 p. m.
Ar. Tarboro	*2 12 p. m	
Lv. Tarboro	12 58 p. m	*6 00 p m.
Ar. Wilson	2 18 p m.	7 00 p. m.
Lv. Wilson	*2 30 p. m	
Ar. Selma	3 30 p. m	
Ar. Fayetteville	5 30 p m	
Lv. Goldsboro	3 15 p. m.	7 40 p. m.
Lv. Warsaw	4 14 p. m.	
Lv. Magnolia	4 27 p. m	8 40 p. m
Ar Wilmington	6 00 p. m	9 55 p. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 14. Daily.	No. 97. Daily.
Lv. Wilmington	2 10 a. m.	9 15 a. m.
Lv. Magnolia	3 57 a. m.	10 57 a. m.
Lv Warsaw		11 11 a. m.
Ar. Goldsboro	4 33 a. m	12 05 p. m.
Lv. Fayetteville		*9 10 a. m.
Ar Selma		11 08 a. m.
Ar. Wilson		12 10 p. m.
Lv Wilson	5 14 a. m	12 58 p m.
Ar. Rocky Mt	5 37 a m	1 30 p m.
Ar. Tarboro	*6 30 a. m.	*2 18 p. m.
Lv. Tarboro		12 58 p. m.
Ar. Weldon	6 38 a. m.	2 55 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4 p. m., Halifax 4 22 p. m., arrive Scotland Neck 5 15 p. m., Greenville 6 52 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 10 a. m., Greenvill 8 25 a. m., arriving Halifax 11 00 a. m., Weldon 11 25 a. m, daily except Sunday.

Local freight train leaves Weldon Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10 15 p. m., arriving Scotland Neck 1 00 p. m., Greenville 5 30 p m, Kinston 7 40 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 20 a. m., Greenville 9 55 a. m., Scotland Neck 2 20 p. m, Weldon 5 15 p. m, daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., via. Albemarle and Raleigh R. R., daily except Sunday 4 40 p m; Sunday 3 00 p m, arrive Williamston, N. C., 7 18 p. m, and 4 20 p. m., Plymouth 5 30 p. m, and 5 20 p. m. Returning, leave Plymouth N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a. m., Sunday 9 00 a. m., Williamston 7 30 a. m., 9 58 a. m., arrive Tarboro, N. C., 10 40 a. m. and 11 20 a. m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a. m., arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7 30 a. m. Returning, leave Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a. m., arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 5 15 p. m., arrives at Nashville 5 55 p. m., Spring Hope 6 30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 00 a. m., Nashville 8 35 a. m., arrive Rocky Mount 9 15 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, at 6 00 p. m. and 11 15 a. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 8 20 a. m. and 3 10 p. m., connecting at Wars

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New and Enlarged Facilities

AT

W. T. WILLIAMSON'S

BUGGY AND CARRIAGE FACTORY,

My Factory is now run at full capacity. My heavy work is now done by steam power. I am turning out a large number of new style Buggies and Pheatons. We make to order, but always keep a few styles on hand for examination.

I will keep on hand a large lot of Western Buggies (open and top) and Roads Carts. They will equal in quality and are sold as low as any like goods in Goldsboro, Fayetteville or Wilmington.

☞Round Shaves, Hacks and all Edge Tools made, and Repairing done on short notice.

HARNESS, WHIPS,

COLLARS AND ALL

HARNESS HARDWARE.

I will hereafter keep in stock. My Harness Department is under THE CAUCASIAN OFFICE, on Fayetteville Street, near my Factory.

☞Be sure to see my styles and get my prices before buying.

Respectfully,

ju18-tf W. T. WILLIAMSON.

Notice.

In addition to my Regular Stock of

WATCHES AND CLOCKS,

And my Repairing Business and and agency for sewing Machines, I have accepted the agency for the Great Southern Music House of Ludin & Bates, of Savannah, Ga., for the sale of

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

I sell the following well-known and reliable makes: Mathushek, Sterling, Mason & Hamlin and Chickering.

A sample Sterling Piano and a Sterling Organ can be seen on exhibition at my place of business in Clinton. Call in and get our terms.

Yours truly,

y9-tf H. B. GIDDENS.

PILE-SALVE.

BETTON'S.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR PILES.

IN USE OVER 40 YEARS.

SIMPLE. EFFECTIVE. WONDERFUL.

50c. PER BOX.

Highest TESTIMONIALS.

At Druggists or Mailed on Receipt of Price.

WINKELMANN & BROWN Drug Co. Props Baltimore, Md.

KOPFALINE HEADACHE

The Great German Headache Cure will cure nervous, sick, malarial and all forms of headache. People who have suffered, say it is a God's blessing FOR to mankind. Pleasant to use. No bad effects. Cure certain and quick. For sale by druggists, or by mail 25 cents.

WINKELMANN & BROWN DRUG CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

BOYS AND GIRLS

HAVE YOU SEEN

SOUTHERN SUNBEAMS

That beautiful magazine for Southern Boys and Girls? It is the handsomest Young People's Magazine in America. It has become a welcome visitor to thousands of Southern Homes. No pains or expense are spared to make it attractive Each number contains a volume of interesting reading for young folks. Short and continued stories, out-door sports new games, and in fact everything to interest boys and girls. Twenty eight pages and cover, each page is handsomely illustrated. It is "The Queen of the South." "The Pet of every Home Circle," and no boy or girl can afford to be without it.

To see it is to want it, and to have it for six months or a year is a continual enjoyment for all the family. We want every boy and girl who has not seen this charming magazine to send us seven one cent stamps at once for a sample copy, or better still, if you can send us ONE DOLLAR we will send you SOUTHERN SUNBEAMS for one year and make you a present of "Cooper's Leatherstocking Tales." Five great works in one large volume free of cost. Address,

SOUTHERN SUNBEAMS,

Box 363 Atlanta, Ga

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST

Protect your family, your estate and secure consolation for yourself by taking out

INVESTMENT POLICY

of Life Insurance in the old reliable well managed Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York. The Mutual Life is the OLDEST, BEST AND MOST POPULAR Life Insurance Company in the WORLD. In every point of excellence the Mutual Life record reaches to heights not approached by any other company in the world; it provides absolute SECURITY, immediate PROTECTION, a straight forward, clearly defined contract, without ambiguities or useless restrictions, and is virtually NON-FORFEITABLE after being two years in force, The Mutual Life's assets amount to more than one hundred and fifty-nine million.

Represented in Sampson and adjoining counties by

mch17—tf E. M. PETERSON.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES

Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing it is general debility. Try BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

ABBOTT'S

EAST INDIAN CORN PAINT

REMOVES CORNS, BUNIONS AND WARTS SPEEDILY AND WITHOUT PAIN

GERMAN BRAND

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MEN We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges in 48 hours, CURE Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele and RESTORE lost Vigor. *Use it and pay if satisfied.* Address, VON MOHL CO., Union Square Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

CORRECT COPY.

Some persons and newspapers have been charging that the St. Louis demands of the Alliance, contained a "Soldier's plank, and other things that would be objectionable to many people They have tried to prejudice people against the Alliance by such misrepresentations. The following is a correct and official copy of the St. Louis Demands:

PLATFORM.

FINANCE.

First—We demand a national Currency, safe, sound and flexible, issued by the general government only, a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and that without the use of banking corporations a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people at a tax not to exceed 2 per cent, be provided, as set forth in the sub-treasury plan of the Fatmers' Alliance, or some better system; also, be payments in discharge of its obligations for public improvements.

a. We den and free and unlimited coinage of silver.

b We demand that the amount of circulating medium be speedily increased to not less than $50 per capita.

c. We demand a gradual income tax.

d. We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand all National and State revenue shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the Government economically and honestly administered.

e. We demand that postal savings banks be established by the Government for the safe deposit of the earnigs of the people and to facilitate exchange.

LAND.

Second—The land, including all the natural resources of wealth, is the heritage of the people and should not be monopolized for speculative purposes, and alien ownership of land should be prohibited. All land now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs, and all lands now owned by aliens, should be reclaimed by the Government and held for actual settlers only.

TRANSPOETATION.

Third—Transportation being a means of exchange and a public necessity, the Government should own and operate the railroads in the interest of the people.

a. The telegraph and telephone, like the post office system, being a necessity for transmission of news, should be owned and operated by the Government in the interest of the people.

The above is certified to by the whole North Carolina delegates to the St. Louis Convention. The delegates were as follows: Marion Butler, J. F. Brinson, Rev. J. C. Hoover, W. C. Wilcox, E. C. Beddingfield, P. H. Massey, J. F. Johnson, A. C. Shuford, H. M. Kent, Rev. J. C. Brown.

There are people who wish to oppose the Alliance and not being able to do so fairly or meet its speakers in argument, stoop to misrepresent and abuse.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient streagth, by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure.

Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

☞Sold by druggists at 75 cents.

CAMPAIGN OFFER!

—:o:—

The Campaign will be unusually interesting this year. Every one must and will read about it. THE CAUCASIAN will tell you all about it from now till the election for FIFTY CENTS. Can we take down your name for a Campaign Subscriber?

FAT FOLKS REDUCED From Mrs. N. J. HAYLEY, of Belleville, Kan. When I began your treatment 2 mos. ago I was so exhausted by ailments that I could not. Before. After. dosage work. The accompanying figures show the result of 2 months' treatment. Bust—40 in. 37 in. Waist—40 in. 30 in. Hips—42 in. 36 in. I also gained 15 lbs. in flesh. My friends are surprised. Will cheerfully reply to inquiries with stamp inclosed. PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL. CONFIDENTIAL. Harmless. No Starving. Send 4 cents in stamps for particulars to DR. O. W. F. SNYDER, McVICKER'S THEATER, CHICAGO, ILL.

All Through Sampson.

What Sampsonians are Doing and Saying.

☞Send us the news from your township for this column. Every subscriber to this paper has a right and is requested to contribute items of news in "hes" neighborhood for this column. We will not publish your name unless you desire it.☜

NEWTON GROVE.

Beaver Dam High School closed the 20th inst. The morning exercises consisted of declamations by the young men. The address was delivered by Hon. D. B Nicholson, of Clinton. It was the unanimous verdict of all present that Mr. Nicholson made one among the finest speeches ever delivered in northern Sampson. There was a debate in the evening by four representatives of the Philamalbic Literary Society. Query: Resolved, "That the United States should have a Free Mail Delivery." Affirmative. Henry L. Monk and Perry E. Johnson; negative, Harry G. Monk and Frank L. Dameron. The young men all made excellent speeches and showed that they are keeping up with the times. The exercises of night consisted of recitations, which, like the morning exercises, were much enjoyed by all. Excellent music was furnished by the Clinton String Bank, assisted by Miss Flora Monk. A large crowd was present and all behaved well and appeared to enjoy themselves. After the exercises were over the principal of the school announced that the 2nd session of this school will begin July 25, 1892, with the addition of a department of music. Thus closes the 1t session of Beaver Dam High School.

Two of Mr. Henry Monk's children were bitten by a dog the 18th inst. Some suppose the dog to have been mad, but no unfavorable symptoms have appeared.

Crops are good in this community and the farmers seem very cheerful. "RIP."

DISMAL.

There is a girl near Dismal P. O. who hicks so badly that we think of sending a petition to the Legislature to have her heels declared a deadly weapon. X.

Mr. Bizzell Autry, of Dismal; returned from St. Louis, Mo., the other day, bringing with him a beautiful and highly accomplished young lady. He was married in the city of St. Louis May 6th to Miss Annie Kirkland of that city. He first met the young lady in San Francisco, Cal., and being introduced to her came with her to her home on the cars. Results as above. We congratulate Mr. Autry for being so successful. May he smoothly glide over life's rough sea without a jar or "rustle."

A bear has been seen in the vicinity of Hayne High School. He was traveling towards Roseboro the last we heard of him.

A bald eagle was killed in Autryville not long ago, measuring feven feet from tip to tip.

A snake bit Mr. J. B. Johnson's little girl not long ago.

COLUMAA VAS COMMONET.

We saw in a recent issue of this paper where "Cross-Eyed Sam" asked a question of Gus. He says that he received an envelope to his address, but that it was without contents, and asks us what it means. It means that the cranium of the one who sent it to him is like the envelope, "without contents."

We also see where "Jumbo" says that he had been informed that we "go about with a pen and bottle of ink in one hand and a coppy of THE CAUCASIAN in the other, ready for a reply" We would like to say to him, "that is true," and that the first thing we had to "tackle" was Barnum's great big eleghant.

Eighteen eggs were put under a hen at the residence of Mr. John Ballard, of this township, when she came of she had nineteen young chicks and nine eggs were left in the nest. Beat that if you can, "Cross-Eyed Sam."

A young man in this vicinity lost his Sunday shirt not long ago. It was four days before it was found, and when it was found three kittens whre wrapped up in it, and it was in a trunk. This was the work of a little mischievous boy.

We are sorry to chronicle the death of Mr. D. D. Spell, a young man about 22 or 23 years of age. He died of pneumonia. We shall miss his bright face and genial good natured smile. We exterd our sympathy to the bereaved family, but they weep not as those who have no hope.

There is lots of sickness in this vicinity just now.

Farmers are grumbling about dry weather.

As a rule, man's a fool;
If its hot, he want's it cool,
If it cool, he wants it hot,
Not satisfied with what he's got;
As a rule, man's a fool.

"GIL."

NORTH CLINTON.

Miss Julia Herring, who has been spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Wm. Smith, of Wilmington, has returned home.

Mr. C. C. Howard and sister, Miss Irene, of Dismal, were visiting relatives in this township last week.

Mrs. Jas. Moseley is visiting at Mrs. W. H. Herrings.

PANSY

WESTBROOK'S.

The funeral of little Claud'a Parker will be preached at Maple Grove on the 5th Sunday in May at 3 o'clock P. M. by Rev. J. J. Parker, of Clayton, N. C.

HONEYCUTTS.

Closing Exercises of Piney Green High School. On Friday, May 21st, at 10 o'clock A. M. the exercises of this institution began. More than five hundred people gathered to witness the exercises of the first session of the school. The programme consisted of a variety of recitations, declamations, debates, &c. All music furnished for the occasion was given by the pupils of the school. First was a heart-touching piece of music. Next prayer by the Rev. D. W. Tew. All the exercises by boys and girls showed careful training on the part of the principal. At 12 M. the bell aung for recess and the glad news was proclaimed that dinner would be in order next. The good people of the community furnished all that was necessary for the occasion in the line of something good to eat. After appetites were satisfied of the good things presented the bell rung, which called all to witness the remainder of the exercises. One thing most attractive and needs special mention was a comic piece of music sundg bp Miss R. E. Fann and Miss Virginia Conner. The declamations were delivered by Messrs: J. R. McLamb, H. E. Sessoms and Evanda Jackson. They were well delivered and showed no lack of training. The essays read by the young ladies were on subjects of most importance, and reflected honor on the school, The speeches by the little folks were of choice selections, and the graceful manner in which they delivered them shower careful attention on the part of the principal. When the exercises of the school closed the principal announced to the audience that the Rev. D. W. Tew would entertain them for a time. He did so in a very graceful manner by demonstrating and illustrating "the intellect on fire of the age." After which the principal announced that the sedond session, or Fall term, of the school would open August 1st. The principal of the school was presented a very fine cake by Miss R. L. Fann, the young lady who led the music class during the session. The closing piece of music was sung, the audience stood and all were excused after benediction by the principal, Thus ended the exercises of one excellent institution of learning which Old Sampson will soon be proud to own.

The stockholders of Piney Green High School are to be congratulated in securing the services of such a model teacher as Prof. G. Smith. He has given entire satisfaction to all. The school will be on a boom nezt session. A lady of experience will have charge of the music. All wishing to patronize a good school, one up with the times, and one which will not offer any poor instruction, will do well to patronize this school.

The school is located in the northwestern part of Honeycutt's township, eleven miles west of Clinton, on the Clinton and Fayetteville road There are three mercantile establishments near the school.

VISITOR.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with neuralgia and rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold at 50 cents and $1 per bottle at R. H. Holliday's Drug Store; John R. Smith, druggist, Mount Olive, N. C.

REMOVAL!

J. T GREGORY

Has removed his Tailoring Establishment from his old stand to his office on Sampson Street, next to the M. E. Church.

The great and orignal leader in low prices for men's clothes. Economy in cloth and money will force you to give him a call.

☞Latest Fashion plates always on hand. June 7th. 1yr.

BY VIRTUE OF THE AUTHORITY in us vested under a decree of the Superior Court of Sampson county, in the case of Stewart & Hines against the heirs at-law of J. R. Beaman, deceased, we will sell, at public sale, to the highest bidder, on Saturday, 4th day of June, 1892, at the Court House door in Clinton, the property in said town, known as the Ashford & Beaman Mill and Gin property

TERMS OF SALE.—One-fourth cash, balance on credit of six and twelve months.

W. K PIGFORD, }
W. B. STEWART. } Com'rs.

Clinton, N. C., May 12, 1892—4t

NOTICE

HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR on the estate of R R. Bell, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same duly authenticated to me within one year from this date or this notice will be pleaded at bar to their recovery, and to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate settlement of the same.

This March 30th, 1892.

J. R. McPHAIL, Adm'r

ap 7—6t

Alliance Department.

ALLIANCE NOTES, DISCUSSIONS AND THE DOINGS OF THE VARIOUS LODGES.

[THE CAUCASIAN was adopted as the Official Organ of the Sampson County Alliance at the meeting in January 19th, 1889.]

CALAMITY HOWLERS.

In response to a request from Senator Peffer the Hon. Robert P. Porter, Superintendent of Census, has caused an investigation, whose "results are so novel and interesting," that they are given out to the public in an extra Census Bulletin.

It is an investigation of farm ownership, tenantry and indebtedness, illustrated by the returns made from ten counties in Kansas, compared with ten counties in Ohio. The ten Kansas counties are located in the Solomon and Republican River valleys and ten Ohio counties are adjacent to Cincinnati.

In Kansas on June 1, 1890, out of 28.745 counties 60.89 per cent owned their homes, leaving 39.11 per cent who were tenants. Of the 17,526 families owning their homes 43.23 per cent were free from incumbrance, and 56.72 percent were mortgaged. The average value of incumbered homes, as reported by the owners, is $3,335, the average incumbrance is $1,271. The average per cent of incumbrance upon value is 38.12, at an average rate of 8.22 per cent of interest.

In Ohio out of 131,184 families 37 24 per cent owned their homes, leaving 62.77 per cent who were tenants. Of the 48,847 families owning their homes 78.72 per cent were free from incumbrace and 21.28 per cent were mortgaged. The average value of unincumbered homes, as reported by the owner, is 3,399; the average incumbrance is $1,378. The average per cent of incumbrance upon value is 40.53, at an average rate of 6.49 per cent of interest. In both cases both town and farm property is included, and no returns are given of valuation of unicumbered or rented property.

The returns show that the problem of ability to oveacome debt has been worked much nearer to a solution in Ohio than in Kansas. The rich have grown richer, and of those aspiring to own homes, three-fourths are able to do so in fact. Of the one-fourth still "bucking the tiger" the average vaue is a trifle more, the mortgage a little and the rate of interest is considerably less than in Kansas, but the result is evidently more discuraging. The all revealing lesson of the investigation is that we are fast becoming a nation of tenants at will.

In Kansas 39.11 per cent of the families do not attempt to own a home. In Ohio 62.76 per cent of the families are tenants at will. A closer examination proves that proportion of families who are tenants is much greater among the city people than on the farms, but the importance of this information does not seem to have fully impressed itself upon the compilers of these tables. And the steps are rapidly tending downward.

In Kansas in 1880, of the whole number of farmers, 13 13 per cent lived on rented farms. In 1890 of the whole number of farmers, 33.25 per cent were tenants.

In Ohio in 1880, of the whole number of framers 24.96 per cent lived on rented farms. In 1890, of the whole number of farmers, 37.10 per cent were tenants.

"The evidences of prosperity" are increasing as the census reports come in.

Piles! Piles!! Itching Piles!!!

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents.

DR. SWAYNE & SON,

oc 8—tf Philadelphia.

NEW BARBER SHOP.

When you wish an easy shave,
As good as barber ever gave,
Just call on us at our saloon
At morning, eve or noon;
We cut and dress the hair with grace,
To suit the contour of the face.
Our room is neat and towels clean,
Scissors sharp and razors keen,
And everything we think you'll find;
To suit the face and please the mind,
And all our art and skill can do,
If you just call, we'll do for you.

Shop on DeVane Street, opposite Court House, over the old Alliance Headquarters.

PAUL SHERARD,
The Clinton Barber.

Norfolk Alliance Exchange

11 AND 13 COMMERCE ST.,

NORFOLK, VA.

Owned and controled by Alliance men for handling farm produce.

COTTON AND PEANUTS

SPECIALTIES.

Don't sell before writing for particulars. J. J. ROGERS, Manager.

P. O. BOX 212. sept24—tf

WOMAN'S SPHERE.

A FAVORITE TOPIC WITH WOMEN.

In a little paper called Women, some ladies have been comparing notes on the question of "how men propose," and what light their experience has been able to throw on this subject has been reserved for the enlightenment of its readers. The subject is a very vulgar one, but all the same, records one amusing case—that of an absent-minded young man who used notes. The young lady was giving a little reception, and, of course, her time was much occupied. The young man perceived that this would be the case, and, to facilitate matters, he brought with him a memorandum. "I afterwards," says the object of his ill-starred devotion, "found it on the floor where he had dropped it in his agitation." It was: "Mention rise in salary. Mention loneliness. Mention pleasure in her society. Mention propects from Uncle Jim. Never loved before. Propose."

A CHILD'S EARLY INFLUENCES.

Nothing is so easily spoiled as a child. Walk with your little babe a few nights when you wish to put it to sleep; or accustom it to rocking, then attempt to put it to sleepwithout this habit, and see how difficult it will be to get it to sleep. The parent must from the beginning of the child's existence do those things to which the child is to conform. It is allowing children to have their own way during the first few years of their lives that makes them so hard to control. Before they are able to talk they are being molded by the actions of those around them.

It is therefore highly important that from the beginning the best influence and example should be about the child. It is serious mistake in parents to commit sheir children wholly into the hands of a nurse. No parent can afford to do this, even though they have a very kind and careful nurse. Every mother desires that her child bear the impress of her own image. This cannot be when it is with the nurse more than with the mother.

Few people have any idea of the extent of the part peformod by nurses in the information of society. Many a mother wonders where her son or daughter learned these things, or formed that habit, or heard such and such an expression. Let her listen a few minutes at the nursery door and all will be made plain.

A Cure for Twenty Cents.

Any remedy sold at one dollar a bottle which claims to cure Rheumatism, is simply an imposition, for when all expenses are deducted it leaves not more than twenty cents to represent the medicine. Dr. Drummond's Lightning Remedy, which is performing such wonderful cures that it is being prescribed by the medical faculty everywhere, is compounded at great expense from rare drugs, and cannot be sold for less than Five Dollars a bottle. But it always cures. Sent prepaid to any address on receipt of price. Drummond Medicine Co., 48 50 Maiden Lane, New York

C. F. & Y. V. RAILWAY CO.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect Feb. 23d, 1892.

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 2. Daily ex Sunday.	No. 4. daily ex Sunday	No. 16. Daily ex Sunday
Lv Wilmington	9 50 a m		
Ar Fayetteville	1 55 p m		
Lv Fayetteville	3 00 p m		
Lv Sanford	4 25 p m		
Ar Greensboro	6 55 p m		
Lv Greensboro	7 15 p m		
Lv Walnut Cove	9 00 p m		
Ar Mt. Airy	11 15 p m		
Lv Bennettsville		12 40pm	
Lv Maxton		1 27pm	
Ar Fayetteville		2 57pm	
Lv Ramseur			7 25 pm
Ar Greensboro			10 05 am
Lv Greensboro			10 35 am
Ar Madison			1 05 pm

SOUTH BOUND.

	Daily ex Sunday No. 1.	Daily ex Sunday, No. 3.	daily ex Sunday
Lv Mt. Airy	5 00 a m		
Lv Walnut Cove	8 11 a m		
Lv Greensboro	10 00 a m		
Lv Greensboro	10 30 p m		
Lv Sanford	2 45 p m		
Ar Fayetteville	2 00 p m		
Lv Fayetteville	3 04 p m		
Ar Wilmington	7 05 pm		
Lv Fayetteville		2 11 p m	
Lv Maxton		3 32 p m	
Ar Bennettsville		4 22 p m	
Lv Madison			2 45 pm
Ar Greensboro			4 55 pm
Lv Greensboro			5 15 pm
Ar Ramseur			8 10 pm

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

FREE!

Any one sending us a postal card with name and address will receive by mail a sample package of our Blood Purifier.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 25, 1891.

CAPITAL CHEMICAL COMPANY,

Gentlemen:—Last spring I had twenty seven boils. I was unfit for work. I had a severe headache. I secured one package of the Camital Blood Purifier and had it reduced to liquid form, and after the use of same for two weeks no more boils appeared. I pronounce it the best blood medicine I have ever used.

Yours sincerely,
H. S. BOLTELER,
Pressman National Economist.

Address,
CAPITAL CHEMICAL CO.,
mch17—tf Washington, D. C.

Notice.

The Justices of the Peace in Sampson county will assemble at Court House on 1st Monday in June, 1892 for the purpose of levying the taxes and also for the purpose of electing the Board of County Commissioners and the Superintendent of Public Instruction for Sampson county.

By order of the Board.

O. F. HERRING, Clerk.

my19—td

NEW DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS.

"THE KING OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY REVIEW

THE ARENA FOR 1892,

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE,	$5.00
ARENA ART PORTFOLIO,	$4.00
	$9.00
SINGLE COPIES OF MAGAZINE,	.50
We send the Arena and Portfolio, postpaid, for	$5 20

"The Boldest, Ablest and most Original Magazine in America."—Jewish Times and Observer.

THE ARENA for 1892 will eclipse its previous brilliant record in the strength and ability of its contributions. As in the past, it will continue to be the most aggressive, fearless and outspoken review of the age. All great living issues will be fully, freely and impartially discussed by the foremost thinkers of our day. Great wrongs and growing evils will be unmasked without fear or favor, while the root promblems underlying civilization will be more fully discussed than in the pages of any other review.

SOME SPECIAL FEATURES FOR 1892.

I. "A SPOIL OF OFFICE," by Hamlin Garland, which opens in the ARENA. This is, without question, one of the greatest novels ever written by an American author. It deals with social, economic and political evils of the modern West, and is characterized by beauty and strength. A thread of love runs through the warp and web of this great story, which opens in Iowa, shifts its scenes to Kansas, closes in the National Capital. "A Spoil of Office" will be the most powerful story of 1892 and YOU should read it.

II. POPULAR SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC PROBLEMS. It will be an encyclopedia of social, economic and political information, giving its readers a masterly exposition of the true conditions and needs of the present, depicting the evils of the hour, and suggesting remedies calculated to secure a wider meed of justice and liberty for the great toiling millions of our land. From its inception THE ARENA has been the steadfost champion of people absolutely fearless in its denunciation of plutocracy, monopoly and the means and measures which wrongt all multitude or infringe upon the liberty of the humblest citizen.

III. PSYCHICAL SCIENCE During 1892 THE ARENA will have the ablest most authorative and brilliant series of papers ever published on psychical science, by leading thinkers of the new world and the old.

IV. THE CONDITION OF WOMAN The Thought of The World. Recognizing the fact that the present is the cycle of woman, THE ARENA for 1892 will contain a brilliant and powerful series of papers on the condition of woman throughout the world. The opening paper appears in the January number, by Prof. A. N. Jannaris, P. D., of the National University of Greece. It is on "Woman in Mohommedan Lands."

V. SCIENTIFIC PAPERS. Popular papers on scientific subjects by the most profound thinkers of the age will also be a feature of THE ARENA for 1892. The first paper of this series appears in the December ARENA, by the eminent French astronomer, Camille Flammarion on "Recent Discoveries in the Heavens." The second is by the great English scientist, Alfred Russel Wallance, on "Human Progress, Past and Future."

VI RELIGIOUS AND EDUCATIONAL PROBLEMS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS will be fully and freely presented by the master-spirits in each department of thought.

VII. SHORT STORIES AND BIOGRAPHIES. Each issue will contain, in addition to Mr. Garland's great novel, a brilliant short story or a biography of some eminent person; thus every member of the family will hail the arrival of THE ARENA with delight.

VIII. FULL PAGE PORTRAITS AND ILLUSTRATIONS. Each issue will contain superb full-page portraits of distinguished personages, with autographs printed on heavy plate paper.

A FEW CONTRIBUTORS TO THE ARENA.

In order to indicate the breadth, scope and authoritative character of the contributions to THE ARENA, we mention a few recent contributors: Pres. Chas. W. Eliot, of Harvard, Alfred Russel Wallace, D. C. L. Camille Flammeron, Emilo Castelar, Rev. Lyman Abott, D. D., Mary A. Livermore, Rev. Minot J. Savage, Count Leo Tolstoi, Prof. N. S. Shaler, of Harward, Henry George, Edgar Fawcett, Rev. R Heber Newton, Hamlin Garland, Helen H. Gardener, Prof. J. R. Buchanan, Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama, Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge, M. C., Hon. David A. Wells, Hon. W. C. P. Breckenridge, Ex Senator Wade Hampton, Helena Modjeska, Helen Campbell, C. Wood Davis, Rev. Edward Everett Hale, Rev. Chas. F. Deems, Prof. W. S. Scarborough, Francis E. Willard, Rubin Solomon Schinsler, etc., etc.

OUR MAGNIFICENT PREMIUM.

Every subscriber to THE ARENA for 1892, who pays twenty cents extra for packing and postage, will receive the magnificent ARENA ART PORTFOLIO, containing twenty-four portraits of the world's greatest thinkers, such as Gladstone, Herbert, Spencer, Charles Darwin, Camille Flammarion, Count Tolstoi, Bishop Phillips Brooks, James Russell Lowell, J. G. Whitier, Rev. Minot J. Savage, Pres. Chas. W. Eliot, of Harvard, Mary A. Livermore, Frances E Willard, Oliver Wendell Holmes, etc. Each portrait is printed on the heaviest coated plate paper, with India Tint, on sheets 8x10 inches. The autograph of each person is also given. They are bound in a beautiful portfolio tied with white ribbon. The retail price of the portfolio is $4.00. We furnish all annual subscribers to THE ARENA the above magnificent portfolio, who remit twenty cents extra to help defray the expense of packing and postage.

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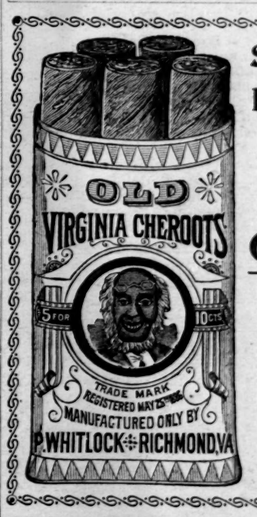

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